CBCS SYLLABUS

FOR THREE YEARS UNDER-GRADUATE COURSE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE (HONOURS)

(w.e.f. 2017)



BANKURA UNIVERSITY
BANKURA
WEST BENGAL
PIN 722155



STRUCTURE IN COMPUTER SC (HONOURS)

SEMESTER -I

Course	Course Title	Credit	Marks				No. of Hours		
Code			I.A.	E	ESE		Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
SH/CSC/ 101/C-1	Programming Fundamentals	6	10		40		4	-	4
101/€ 1	Using C/ C++			T:25	L:15				
SH /CSC/	Computer System Architecture	6	10	40		50	4	-	4
102/C-2				T:25	L:15				
	Any one of the following								
SH /CSC/	• Computer Fundamentals	6	10	4	10	50	4	-	4
103/GE-1	• Introduction to								
	Programming			T:25	L:15				
ACSHP/10 4/ AECC-1	Environmental Studies	4	10	4	10	50	4		
Total in Semester - I		22	40	10	60	200			

SEMESTER -II

Course	Course Title	Credit	Marks			No. of Hours		urs
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
SH /CSC/	Programming in JAVA	6	10	40	50	4	-	4
201/C-3				T:25 L:15				
SH /CSC/ 202/C-4	Discrete Structures	6	10	40	50	5	1	-
SH /CSC/	Any one of the following Introduction to Database	6	10	40	50	4	_	4
203/GE-2	SystemsProgramming in Visual							
	Basic			T:25 L:15				
ACSHP/20 4/ AECC-2	English/Hind/MIL	2	10	40	50	2		
Total in So	emester - II	20	40	160	200			



SEMESTER -III

Course	Course Title	Credit	Marks				No.	No. of Hours	
Code			I.A.	ESE		Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
SH/CSC/	Data Structures	6	10	4	40	50	4	-	4
301/C-5				T:25	L:15				
SH/CSC/	Operating Systems	6	10	4	40	50	4	-	4
302/ C-6				T:25	L:15				
SH	Computer Networks	6	6 10 40 50	40 T:25 L:15		4	-	4	
/CSC/303 /C-7									
	Any one of the following								
SH /CSC/ 304/GE-3	Computer Network and Internet Technologies	6	10	40		50	4	-	4
	 Multimedia and Applications 			T:25	L:15				
	Any one of the following								
SH /csc/	 Programming in Python 								
305/SEC-1	• Unix/ Linux Programming	2	10	40		50	1	-	2
				T:25	L:15				
Total in S	Semester - III	26	50	2	00	250			



SEMESTER -IV

Course	Course Title	Credit	Marks			No. of Hours		
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
SH /CSC/401 /C-8	Analysis and Design of Algorithms	6	10	40 T:25 L:15	50	4	-	4
SH /CSC/402 /C-9	Software Engineering	6	10	40 T:25 L:15	50	4	-	4
SH /CSC/403 /C-10	Database Management Systems	6	10	40 T:25 L:15	50	4	-	4
SH /CSC/404 /GE-4	 Any one of the following Programming in Python Web and E-Commerce Technologies 	6	10	40 T:25 L:15	50	4	-	4
SH /CSC/ 405/SEC-2	Any one of the followingHTML ProgrammingXML Programming	2	10	40 T:25 L:15	50	1	-	2
Total in S	Semester - IV	26	50	200	250			



SEMESTER - V

Course	Course Title	Credit	Marks			No. of Hours		
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec	Tu	Pr
SH /CSC/ 501/C-11	Internet Technologies	6	10	40 T:25 L:15	50	4	-	4
SH /CSC/ 502/C-12	Theory of Computations	6	10	40	50	5	1	-
SH /CSC/ 503/DSE-1	 Any one of the following Numerical Methods Operational Research 	6	10	40 T:25 L:15	50	4	-	4
SH /CSC/ 504/DSE-2	 Any one of the following Microprocessor Digital Image Processing 	6	10	40 T:25 L:15	50	4	-	4
Total in S	Semester – V	24	24 40 160 200					



SEMESTER - VI

Course	Course Title	Credit	Marks			No. of Hours		urs
Code			I.A.	ESE	Total	Lec.	Tu.	Pr.
SH/csc/	Artificial Intelligence	6	10	40	50	4	-	4
601/C-13				T:25 L:15				
SH/csc/	Computer Graphics	6	10	40	50	4	-	4
602/C-14				T:25 L:15				
	Any one of the following							
SH/csc/	Information Security							
603/DSE-3	• Introduction to Data	6	10	40	50	4	-	4
	Science							
				T:25 L:15				
SH /csc/	Any one of the following							
604/DSE-4	Project Work	6	10	40	50	4	-	4
	Network Programming							
				T:25 L:15				
Total in S	Semester – VI	24	40	160	200			

SH= Science Honours CSC = Computer Science, ACSHP= Arts Commerce Science Honours Programme, C= Core Course, AECC= Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course, SEC= Skill Enhancement Course, GE= Generic Elective, DSE= Discipline Specific Elective IA= Internal Assessment, ESE= End-Semester Examination, Lec.=Lecture, Tu.= Tutorial, and Prc.=Practical

CORE COURSES (HONOURS IN COMPUTER SCIENCE)

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-I): Programming Fundamentals using C/C++

Theory: 60 Lectures

1. Introduction to C (3 Lectures)

History of C, Overview of Procedural Programming and Object-Orientation Programming, Using main() function, Compiling and Executing Simple Programs in C.

2. Data Types, Variables, Constants, Operators and Basic I/O

(5 Lectures)

Declaring, Defining and Initializing Variables, Scope of Variables, Using Named Constants, Keywords, Data Types, Casting of Data Types, Operators (Arithmetic, Logical and Bitwise), Using Comments in programs, Character I/O (getc, getchar, putc, putcharetc), Formatted and Console I/O (printf(), scanf()), Using Basic Header Files (stdio.h, conio.hetc).

3. Expressions, Conditional Statements and Iterative Statements

(5 Lectures)

Simple Expressions in C (including Unary Operator Expressions, Binary Operator Expressions), Understanding Operators Precedence in Expressions, Conditional Statements (if construct, switch-case construct), Understanding syntax and utility of Iterative Statements (while, do-while, and for loops), Use of break and continue in Loops, Using Nested Statements (Conditional as well as Iterative)

4. Functions and Arrays

(10 Lectures)

Utility of functions, Call by Value, Call by Reference, Functions returning value, Void functions, Inline Functions, Return data type of functions, Functions parameters, Differentiating between Declaration and Definition of Functions, Command Line Arguments/Parameters in Functions, Functions with variable number of Arguments.

Creating and Using One Dimensional Arrays (Declaring and Defining an Array, Initializing an Array, Accessing individual elements in an Array, Manipulating array elements using loops), Use Various types of arrays (integer, float and character arrays / Strings) Two-dimensional Arrays (Declaring, Defining and Initializing Two Dimensional Array, Working with Rows and Columns), Introduction to Multi-dimensional arrays

5. Derived Data Types (Structures and Unions)

(3 Lectures)

Understanding utility of structures and unions, Declaring, initializing and using simple structures and unions, Manipulating individual members of structures and unions, Array of Structures, Individual data members as structures, Passing and returning structures from functions, Structure with union as members, Union with structures as members.



6. Pointers in C (7 Lectures)

Understanding a Pointer Variable, Simple use of Pointers (Declaring and Dereferencing Pointers to simple variables), Pointers to Pointers, Pointers to structures, Problems with Pointers, Passing pointers as function arguments, Returning a pointer from a function, using arrays as pointers, Passing arrays to functions. Pointers vs. References, Declaring and initializing references, Using references as function arguments and function return values

7. Memory Allocation in C

(3 Lectures)

Differentiating between static and dynamic memory allocation, use of malloc, calloc and free functions, storage of variables in static and dynamic memory allocation

8. File I/O, Preprocessor Directives

(5 Lectures)

Opening and closing a file, Reading and writing Text Files, Using put(), get(), read() and write() functions, Random access in files, Understanding the Preprocessor Directives, Macros

9. Using Classes in C++

(8 Lectures)

Principles of Object-Oriented Programming, Defining & Using Classes, Class Constructors, Constructor Overloading, Function overloading in classes, Class Variables &Functions, Objects as parameters, Specifying the Protected and Private Access, Copy Constructors, Overview of Template classes and their use.

10. Overview of Function Overloading and Operator Overloading

(6 Lectures)

Need of Overloading functions and operators, Overloading functions by number and type of arguments, Looking at an operator as a function call, Overloading Operators (including assignment operators, unary operators)

11. Inheritance, Polymorphism and Exception Handling

(5 Lectures)

Introduction to Inheritance (Multi-Level Inheritance, Multiple Inheritance), Polymorphism (Virtual Functions, Pure Virtual Functions)

Reference Books

- 1. HerbtzSchildt, "C++: The Complete Reference", Fourth Edition, McGraw Hill.2003
- 2. BjarneStroustrup, "The C++ Programming Language", 4th Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2013.
- 3. BjarneStroustroup, "Programming -- Principles and Practice using C++", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley 2014.
- 4. E Balaguruswamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2008
- 5. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "C++ How to Program", 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011. 5. John R. Hubbard, "Programming with C++", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2000.
- 6. Andrew Koeni, Barbara, E. Moo, "Accelerated C++", Published by Addison-Wesley, 2000.
- 7. Scott Meyers, "Effective C++", 3rd Edition, Published by Addison-Wesley, 2005.
- 8. Harry, H. Chaudhary, "Head First C++ Programming: The Definitive Beginner's Guide", First Create space Inc, O-D Publishing, LLC USA.2014
- 9. Walter Savitch, "Problem Solving with C++", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 10. Stanley B. Lippman, JoseeLajoie, Barbara E. Moo, "C++ Primer", Published by Addison-Wesley, 5th Edition, 2012
- 11. Y Kanetkar, "Let us C", BPB



COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-I): Programming Fundamentals using C/C++ Lab Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. WAP to print the sum and product of digits of an integer.
- 2. WAP to reverse a number.
- 3. WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1+1/2+1/3+1/4+...
- 4. WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1-2+3-4+5...
- 5. Write a function that checks whether a given string is Palindrome or not. Use this function to find whether the string entered by user is Palindrome or not.
- 6. Write a function to find whether a given no. is prime or not. Use the same to generate the prime numbers less than 100.
- 7.WAP to compute the factors of a given number.
- 8. Write a macro that swaps two numbers. WAP to use it.
- 9. WAP to print a triangle of stars as follows (take number of lines from user):

*

- 10. WAP to perform following actions on an array entered by the user:
 - i) Print the even-valued elements
 - ii) Print the odd-valued elements
 - iii) Calculate and print the sum and average of the elements of array
 - iv) Print the maximum and minimum element of array
 - v) Remove the duplicates from the array
 - vi) Print the array in reverse order

The program should present a menu to the user and ask for one of the options.

The menu should also include options to re-enter array and to quit the program.

- 11. WAP that prints a table indicating the number of occurrences of each alphabet in the text entered as command line arguments.
- 12. Write a program that swaps two numbers using pointers.
- 13. Write a program in which a function is passed address of two variables and then alter its contents.
- 14. Write a program which takes the radius of a circle as input from the user, passes it to another function that computes the area and the circumference of the circle and displays the value of area and circumference from the main() function.
- 15. Write a program to find sum of n elements entered by the user. To write this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc() / calloc() functions or new operator.

- 16. Write a menu driven program to perform following operations on strings:
 - a) Show address of each character in string
 - b) Concatenate two strings without using streat function.
 - c) Concatenate two strings using streat function.
 - d) Compare two strings
 - e) Calculate length of the string (use pointers)
 - f) Convert all lowercase characters to uppercase
 - g) Convert all uppercase characters to lowercase
 - h) Calculate number of vowels
 - i) Reverse the string
- 17. Given two ordered arrays of integers, write a program to merge the two-arrays to get an ordered array.
- 18. WAP to display Fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 19. WAP to calculate Factorial of a number (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 20. WAP to calculate GCD of two numbers (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion.
- 21. Create Matrix class using templates. Write a menu-driven program to perform following Matrix
 - operations (2-D array implementation):
 - a) Sum b) Difference c) Product d) Transpose
- 22. Create the Person class. Create some objects of this class (by taking information from the user). Inherit the class Person to create two classes Teacher and Student class. Maintain the respective information in the classes and create, display and delete objects of these two classes (Use Runtime Polymorphism).
- 23. Create a class Triangle. Include overloaded functions for calculating area. Overload assignment operator and equality operator.
- 24. Create a class Box containing length, breath and height. Include following methods in it:
 - a) Calculate surface Area
 - b) Calculate Volume
 - c) Increment, Overload ++ operator (both prefix & postfix)
 - d) Decrement, Overload -- operator (both prefix & postfix)
 - e) Overload operator == (to check equality of two boxes), as a friend function
 - f) Overload Assignment operator
 - g) Check if it is a Cube or cuboid

Write a program which takes input from the user for length, breath and height to test the above class.

- 25. Create a structure Student containing fields for Roll No., Name, Class, Year and Total Marks. Create 10 students and store them in a file.
- 26. Write a program to retrieve the student information from file created in previous question and print it in following format:

Roll No. Name Marks

27. Copy the contents of one text file to another file, after removing all whitespaces.

- 28. Write a function that reverses the elements of an array in place. The function must accept only one pointer value and return void.
- 29. Write a program that will read 10 integers from user and store them in an array. Implement array using pointers. The program will print the array elements in ascending and descending order

B.Sc. COMPUTER SC (Hons)

CBCS w.e.f. 2017-18

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-II): Computer System Architecture

Theory: 60 Lectures

1. Introduction (8 lectures)

Logic gates, boolean algebra, combinational circuits, circuit simplification, flip-flops and sequential circuits, decoders, multiplexers, registers, counters and memory units.

2. Data Representation and Basic Computer Arithmetic

(10 lectures)

Number systems, complements, fixed and floating point representation, character representation, addition, subtraction, magnitude comparison, multiplication and division algorithms for integers

3. Basic Computer Organization and Design

(13 lectures)

Computer registers, bus system, instruction set, timing and control, instruction cycle, memory reference, input -output and interrupt, Interconnection Structures, Bus Interconnection design of basic computer.

4. Central Processing Unit

(15 lectures)

Register organization, arithmetic and logical micro-operations, stack organization, micro programmed control. Instruction formats, addressing modes, instruction codes, machine language, assembly language, input output programming, RISC, CISC architectures, pipelining and parallel architecture.

5. Memory Organization

(6 lectures)

Cache memory, Associative memory, mapping.

6. Input-Output Organization

(8 lectures)

Input / Output: External Devices, I/O Modules, Programmed I/O, Interrupt-Driven I/O, Direct Memory Access, I/O Channels.

Recommended Books:

- 1. M. Mano, Computer System Architecture, Pearson Education 1992
- 2. A. J. Dos Reis, Assembly Language and Computer Architecture using C++ and JAVA, Course Technology, 2004 th
- 3. W. Stallings, Computer Organization and Architecture Designing for Performance, 8 Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2009
- 4. M.M. Mano, Digital Design, Pearson Education Asia, 2013
- 5. Carl Hamacher, Computer Organization, Fifth edition, McGrawHill, 2012.



COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-II): Computer System Architecture Lab Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. Implement X-OR Gate using NAND Gates.
- 2. Implement X-OR Gate using NOR Gates.
- 3. Implement Half-Adder using Basic Gates.
- 4. Implement Half-Adder using NAND Gates.
- 5. Implement Full-Adder using NAND Gates.
- 6. Implement Full-Subtractor using NAND Gates.
- 7. Implement the Function: using Basic Gates.
- 8. Implement the Function: using Basic Gates.
- 9. Implement the Function: F = ABC + DEF using IC 7411.
- 10. Implement a 4-bit Binary Adder using IC 7483.
- 11. Implement 2×1 Multiplexer using Basic Gates.
- 12. Implement 4×1 Multiplexer using NAND Gates.
- 13. Implement 8×1 MUX using IC 74153.
- 14. Implement a 3-bit Even Parity Checker using Basic Gates.
- 15. Implement a 2-bit Comparator using Basic Gates.
- 16. Implement S-R Flip-Flop using NAND Gates.
- 17. Implement J-K Flip-Flop using NAND Gates.





COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-III): Programming in Java

Theory: 60 Lectures

1. Introduction to Java (4 Lectures)

Java Architecture and Features, Understanding the semantic and syntax differences between C++ and Java, Compiling and Executing a Java Program, Variables, Constants, Keywords Data Types, Operators (Arithmetic, Logical and Bitwise) and Expressions, Comments, Doing Basic Program Output, Decision Making Constructs (conditional statements and loops) and Nesting, Java Methods (Defining, Scope, Passing and Returning Arguments, Type Conversion and Type and Checking, Built-in Java Class Methods),

2. Arrays, Strings and I/O

(8 Lectures)

Creating & Using Arrays (One Dimension and Multi-dimensional), Referencing Arrays Dynamically, Java Strings: The Java String class, Creating & Using String Objects, Manipulating Strings, String Immutability & Equality, Passing Strings To & From Methods, String Buffer Classes. Simple I/O using System.out and the Scanner class, Byte and Character streams, Reading/Writing from console and files.

3. Object-Oriented Programming Overview

(4 Lectures)

Principles of Object-Oriented Programming, Defining & Using Classes, Controlling Access to Class Members, Class Constructors, Method Overloading, Class Variables & Methods, Objects as parameters, final classes, Object class, Garbage Collection.

3. Inheritance, Interfaces, Packages, Enumerations, Autoboxing and Metadata (14 lectures)

Inheritance: (Single Level and Multilevel, Method Overriding, Dynamic Method Dispatch, Abstract Classes), Interfaces and Packages, Extending interfaces and packages, Package and Class Visibility, Using Standard Java Packages (util, lang, io, net), Wrapper Classes, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Enumerations and Metadata.

4. Exception Handling, Threading, Networking and Database Connectivity (15 Lectures)

Exception types, uncaught exceptions, throw, built-in exceptions, Creating your own exceptions; Multi-threading: The Thread class and Runnable interface, creating single and multiple threads, Thread prioritization, synchronization and communication, suspending/resuming threads. Using java.net package, Overview of TCP/IP and Datagram programming. Accessing and manipulating databases using JDBC.

5. Applets and Event Handling

(15 Lectures)

Java Applets: Introduction to Applets, Writing Java Applets, Working with Graphics,

Incorporating Images & Sounds. Event Handling Mechanisms, Listener Interfaces, Adapter and Inner Classes. The design and Implementation of GUIs using the AWT controls, Swing components of Java Foundation Classes such as labels, buttons, textfields, layout managers, menus, events and listeners; Graphic objects for drawing figures such as lines, rectangles, ovals, using different fonts. Overview of servlets.

Reference Books

- 1. Ken Arnold, James Gosling, David Homes, "The Java Programming Language", 4th Edition, 2005.
- 2. James Gosling, Bill Joy, Guy L Steele Jr, GiladBracha, Alex Buckley"The Java Language Specification, Java SE 8 Edition (Java Series)", Published by Addison Wesley, 2014.
- 3. Joshua Bloch, "Effective Java" 2nd Edition, Publisher: Addison-Wesley, 2008.
- 4. Cay S. Horstmann, GaryCornell, "Core Java 2 Volume 1,9th Edition,Printice Hall.2012
- 5. Cay S. Horstmann, Gary Cornell, "Core Java 2 Volume 2 Advanced Features)", 9th Edition, Printice Hall.2013
- 6. Bruce Eckel, "Thinking in Java", 3rd Edition, PHI, 2002.
- 7. E. Balaguruswamy, "Programming with Java", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill.2009.
- 8. Paul Deitel, Harvey Deitel, "Java: How to Program", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
- 9. "Head First Java", Orielly Media Inc. 2nd Edition, 2005.
- 10. David J. Eck, "Introduction to Programming Using Java", Published by CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2009.
- 11. John R. Hubbard, "Programming with JAVA", Schaum's Series, 2nd Edition, 2004.

COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-III): Programming in Java Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. To find the sum of any number of integers entered as command line arguments
- 2. To find the factorial of a given number
- 3. To learn use of single dimensional array by defining the array dynamically.
- 4. To learn use of .lenth in case of a two dimensional array
- 5. To convert a decimal to binary number
- 6. To check if a number is prime or not, by taking the number as input from the keyboard
- 7. To find the sum of any number of integers interactively, i.e., entering every number from the keyboard, whereas the total number of integers is given as a command line argument
- 8. Write a program that show working of different functions of String and StringBufferclasss like setCharAt(, setLength(), append(), insert(), concat() and equals().
- 9. Write a program to create a distance class with methods where distance is computed interms of feet and inches, how to create objects of a class and to see the use of this pointer
- 10. Modify the distance class by creating constructor for assigning values (feet and inches)to the distance object. Create another object and assign second object as reference variable to another object reference variable. Further create a third object which is a clone of the first object.
- 11. Write a program to show that during function overloading, if no matching argument is found, then java will apply automatic type conversions(from lower to higher data type)
- 12. Write a program to show the difference between public and private access specifiers. The program should also show that primitive data types are passed by value and objects are passed by reference and to learn use of final keyword



- 13. Write a program to show the use of static functions and to pass variable length arguments in a function.
- 14. Write a program to demonstrate the concept of boxing and unboxing.
- 15. Create a multi-file program where in one file a string message is taken as input from the user and the function to display the message on the screen is given in another file (make use of Scanner package in this program).
- 16. Write a program to create a multilevel package and also creates a reusable class to generate Fibonacci series, where the function to generate fibonacii series is given in a different file belonging to the same package.
- 17. Write a program that creates illustrates different levels of protection in classes/subclasses belonging to same package or different packages
- 18. Write a program DivideByZero that takes two numbers a and b as input, computes a/b, and invokes Arithmetic Exception to generate a message when the denominator is zero.
- 19. Write a program to show the use of nested try statements that emphasizes the sequence of checking for catch handler statements.
- 20. Write a program to create your own exception types to handle situation specific to your application (Hint: Define a subclass of Exception which itself is a subclass of Throwable).
- 21. Write a program to demonstrate priorities among multiple threads.
- 22. Write a program to demonstrate multithread communication by implementing synchronization among threads (Hint: you can implement a simple producer and consumer problem).
- 23. Write a program to create URL object, create a URL Connection using the openConnection() method and then use it examine the different components of the URLand content.
- 24. Write a program to implement a simple datagram client and server in which a message that is typed into the server window is sent to the client side where it is displayed.
- 25. Write a program that creates a Banner and then creates a thread to scrolls the message in the banner from left to right across the applet's window.
- 26. Write a program to get the URL/location of code (i.e. java code) and document(i.e. html file).
- 27. Write a program to demonstrate different mouse handling events like mouseClicked(), mouseEntered(), mouseExited(), mousePressed, mouseReleased() and mouseDragged().
- 28. Write a program to demonstrate different keyboard handling events.
- 29. Write a program to generate a window without an applet window using main() function.
- 30. Write a program to demonstrate the use of push buttons.

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-IV): Discrete Structures

Theory: 60 Lectures

1.Introduction: (15 Lectures) Sets - finite and Infinite sets, uncountably Infinite Sets; functions, relations, Properties of Binary Relations, Closure, Partial Ordering Relations; counting - Pigeonhole Principle, Permutation and

Combination; Mathematical Induction, Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion.

2.Growth of Functions:

(8 Lectures)

Asymptotic Notations, Summation formulas and properties, Bounding Summations, approximation by Integrals

- **3.Recurrences**: (10 Lectures) Recurrence Relations, generating functions, Linear Recurrence Relations with constant coefficients and their solution, Substitution Method, Recurrence Trees, Master Theorem
- **4. Graph Theory** (15 Lectures) Basic Terminology, Models and Types, multigraphs and weighted graphs, Graph Representation, Graph Isomorphism, Connectivity, Euler and Hamiltonian Paths and Circuits, Planar Graphs, Graph Coloring, Trees, Basic Terminology and properties of Trees, Introduction to Spanning Trees

5.Prepositional Logic

(12 Lectures)

Logical Connectives, Well-formed Formulas, Tautologies, Equivalences, Inference Theory

Recommended Books:

- 1. C.L. Liu, D.P. Mahopatra, Elements of Discrete mathematics, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1985,
- 2. Kenneth Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, Sixth Edition ,McGraw Hill 2006
- 3. T.H. Coremen, C.E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, Introduction to algorithms, 3rd edition Prentice Hall on India, 2009
- 4. M. O. Albertson and J. P. Hutchinson, Discrete Mathematics with Algorithms, John wiley Publication, 1988
- 5. J. L. Hein, Discrete Structures, Logic, and Computability, 3rd Edition, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, 2009
- 6. D.J. Hunter, Essentials of Discrete Mathematics, Jones and Bartlett Publishers, 2008

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-IV): Discrete Structures

Tutorial: 15 lectures



COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-V): Data Structures

Theory: 60 Lectures

1. Arrays (5 Lectures)

Single and Multi-dimensional Arrays, Sparse Matrices (Array and Linked Representation)

2. Stacks (5 Lectures

Implementing single / multiple stack/s in an Array; Prefix, Infix and Postfix expressions, Utility and conversion of these expressions from one to another; Applications of stack; Limitations of Array representation of stack

3. Linked Lists (10 Lectures)

Singly, Doubly and Circular Lists (Array and Linked representation); Normal and Circular representation of Stack in Lists; Self Organizing Lists; Skip Lists

4. Queues (5 Lectures)

Array and Linked representation of Queue, De-queue, Priority Queues

5. Recursion (5 lectures)

Developing Recursive Definition of Simple Problems and their implementation; Advantages and Limitations of Recursion; Understanding what goes behind Recursion (Internal Stack Implementation)

6. Trees (20 Lectures)

Introduction to Tree as a data structure; Binary Trees (Insertion, Deletion, Recursive and Iterative Traversals on Binary Search Trees); Threaded Binary Trees (Insertion, Deletion, Traversals); Height-Balanced Trees (Various operations on AVL Trees).

7. Searching and Sorting

(5 Lectures)

Linear Search, Binary Search, Comparison of Linear and Binary Search, Selection Sort, Insertion Sort, Insertion Sort, Shell Sort, Comparison of Sorting Techniques

8. Hashing (5 Lectures)

Introduction to Hashing, Deleting from Hash Table, Efficiency of Rehash Methods, Hash Table Reordering, Resolving collusion by Open Addressing, Coalesced Hashing, Separate Chaining, Dynamic and Extendible Hashing, Choosing a Hash Function, Perfect Hashing Function

Reference Books:

- 1. Adam Drozdek, "Data Structures and algorithm in C++", Third Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.
- 2. SartajSahni, Data Structures, "Algorithms and applications in C++", Second Edition, Universities Press, 2011.
- 3. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Moshe J. Augenstein, YedidyahLangsam, "Data Structures Using C and C++:, Second edition, PHI, 2009.
- 4. Robert L. Kruse, "Data Structures and Program Design in C++", Pearson, 1999.
- 5. D.S Malik, Data Structure using C++, Second edition, Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 6. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms Analysis in Java", Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2011
- 7. Aaron M. Tenenbaum, Moshe J. Augenstein, YedidyahLangsam, "Data Structures Using Java, 2003.
- 8. Robert Lafore, "Data Structures and Algorithms in Java, 2/E", Pearson/ Macmillan Computer Pub,2003
- 9. John Hubbard, "Data Structures with JAVA", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited; 2 edition, 2009
- 10. Goodrich, M. and Tamassia, R. "Data Structures and Algorithms Analysis in Java", 4th Edition, Wiley, 2013
- 11. Herbert Schildt, "Java The Complete Reference (English) 9th Edition Paperback", Tata McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 12. D. S. Malik, P.S. Nair, "Data Structures Using Java", Course Technology, 2003.

COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-V): Data Structures Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. Write a program to search an element from a list. Give user the option to perform Linear or Binary search. Use Template functions.
- 2. WAP using templates to sort a list of elements. Give user the option to perform sorting using Insertion sort, Bubble sort or Selection sort.
- 3. Implement Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list and concatenate two linked lists (include a function and also overload operator +).
- 4. Implement Doubly Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list.
- 5. Implement Circular Linked List using templates. Include functions for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list.
- 6. Perform Stack operations using Linked List implementation.
- 7. Perform Stack operations using Array implementation. Use Templates.
- 8. Perform Queues operations using Circular Array implementation. Use Templates.
- 9. Create and perform different operations on Double-ended Queues using Linked List implementation.
- 10. WAP to scan a polynomial using linked list and add two polynomial.
- 11. WAP to calculate factorial and to compute the factors of a given no. (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 12. (ii) WAP to display fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 13. WAP to calculate GCD of 2 number (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion
- 14. WAP to create a Binary Search Tree and include following operations in tree:
 - (a) Insertion (Recursive and Iterative Implementation)
 - (b) Deletion by copying
 - (c) Deletion by Merging
 - (d) Search a no. in BST
 - (e) Display its preorder, postorder and inorder traversals Recursively
 - (f) Display its preorder, postorder and inorder traversals Iteratively
 - (g) Display its level-by-level traversals
 - (h) Count the non-leaf nodes and leaf nodes
 - (i) Display height of tree
 - (j) Create a mirror image of tree
 - (k) Check whether two BSTs are equal or not
- 15. WAP to convert the Sparse Matrix into non-zero form and vice-versa.
- 16. WAP to reverse the order of the elements in the stack using additional stack.
- 17. WAP to reverse the order of the elements in the stack using additional Queue.
- 18. WAP to implement Diagonal Matrix using one-dimensional array.
- 19. WAP to implement Lower Triangular Matrix using one-dimensional array.
- 20. WAP to implement Upper Triangular Matrix using one-dimensional array.
- 21. WAP to implement Symmetric Matrix using one-dimensional array.
- 22. WAP to create a Threaded Binary Tree as per inorder traversal, and implement operations like finding the successor / predecessor of an element, insert an element, inorder traversal.

B.Sc. COMPUTER SC (Hons)

CBCS w.e.f. 2017-18

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-VI): Operating Systems

Theory: 60 Lectures

1.Introduction (10 Lectures)

Basic OS functions, resource abstraction, types of operating systems—multiprogramming systems, batch systems, time sharing systems; operating systems for personal computers & workstations, process control & real time systems.

2. Operating System Organization

(6 Lectures)

Processor and user modes, kernels, system calls and system-programs.

3.Process Management

(**20**Lectures)

System view of the process and resources, process abstraction, process hierarchy, threads, threading issues, thread libraries; Process Scheduling, non-pre-emptive and pre-emptive scheduling algorithms; concurrent and processes, critical section, semaphores, methods for interprocess communication; deadlocks.

4.Memory Management

(10 Lectures)

Physical and virtual address space; memory allocation strategies –fixed and variable partitions, paging, segmentation, virtual memory

5.File and I/O Management

(10 Lectures)

Directory structure, file operations, file allocation methods, device management.

6.Protection and Security

(4 Lectures)

Policy mechanism, Authentication, Internal access Authorization.

Recommended Books:

- 1. A Silberschatz, P.B. Galvin, G. Gagne, Operating Systems Concepts, 8th Edition, John Wiley Publications 2008.
- 2. A.S. Tanenbaum, Modern Operating Systems, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education 2007.
- 3. G. Nutt, Operating Systems: A Modern Perspective, 2nd Edition Pearson Education 1997.
- 4. W. Stallings, Operating Systems, Internals & Design Principles, 5th Edition, Prentice Hall of India. 2008.
- 5. M. Milenkovic, Operating Systems- Concepts and design, Tata McGraw Hill 1992.

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COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-VI): Operating Systems Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

C/ C++ programs

- 1. WRITE A PROGRAM (using *fork()* and/or *exec()* commands) where parent and child execute:
 - a) same program, same code.
 - b) same program, different code.
 - c) before terminating, the parent waits for the child to finish its task.
- 2. WRITE A PROGRAM to report behaviour of Linux kernel including kernel version, CPU type and model. (CPU information)
- 3. WRITE A PROGRAM to report behaviour of Linux kernel including information on configured memory, amount of free and used memory. (memory information)
- 4. WRITE A PROGRAM to print file details including owner access permissions, file access time, where file name is given as argument.
- 5. WRITE A PROGRAM to copy files using system calls.
- 6. Write program to implement FCFS scheduling algorithm.
- 7. Write program to implement Round Robin scheduling algorithm.
- 8. Write program to implement SJF scheduling algorithm.
- 9. Write program to implement non-preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.
- 10. Write program to implement preemptive priority based scheduling algorithm.
- 11. Write program to implement SRJF scheduling algorithm.
- 12. Write program to calculate sum of n numbers using *thread* library.
- 13. Write a program to implement first-fit, best-fit and worst-fit allocation strategies



COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-VII): Computer Networks Theory: 60 Lectures

1. Introduction to Computer Networks

(8 Lectures)

Network definition; network topologies; network classifications; network protocol; layered network architecture; overview of OSI reference model; overview of TCP/IP protocol suite.

2. Data Communication Fundamentals and Techniques

(10 Lectures)

Analog and digital signal; data-rate limits; digital to digital line encoding schemes; pulse code modulation; parallel and serial transmission; digital to analog modulation-; multiplexing techniques-FDM. TDM: transmission media.

3. Networks Switching Techniques and Access mechanisms

(10 Lectures)

Circuit switching; packet switching- connectionless datagram switching, connection-oriented virtual circuit switching; dial-up modems; digital subscriber line; cable TV for data transfer.

4. Data Link Laver Functions and Protocol

(10 Lectures)

Error detection and error correction techniques; data-link control- framing and flow control; error recovery protocols- stop and wait ARQ, go-back-n ARQ; Point to Point Protocol on Internet.

5. Multiple Access Protocol and Networks

(5 Lectures)

CSMA/CD protocols; Ethernet LANS; connecting LAN and back-bone networks- repeaters, hubs, switches, bridges, router and gateways;

6. Networks Layer Functions and Protocols

(6 Lectures)

Routing; routing algorithms; network layer protocol of Internet- IP protocol, Internet control protocols.

7. Transport Layer Functions and Protocols

(6 Lectures)

Transport services- error and flow control, Connection establishment and release- three way handshake:

8. Overview of Application layer protocol

(5 Lectures)

Overview of DNS protocol; overview of WWW &HTTP protocol.

Reference Books

- 1. B. A. Forouzan: Data Communications and Networking, Fourth edition, THM ,2007.
- 2. A. S. Tanenbaum: Computer Networks, Fourth edition, PHI, 2002



COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-VII): Computer Networks Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. Simulate Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) error detection algorithm for noisy channel.
- 2. Simulate and implement stop and wait protocol for noisy channel.
- 3. Simulate and implement go back n sliding window protocol.
- 4. Simulate and implement selective repeat sliding window protocol.
- 5. Simulate and implement distance vector routing algorithm
- 6. Simulate and implement Dijkstra algorithm for shortest path routing.

B.Sc. COMPUTER SC (Hons)

CBCS w.e.f. 2017-18

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-VIII): Analysis and Design of Algorithms

Theory: 60 Lectures

1.Introduction (5 Lectures)

Basic Design and Analysis techniques of Algorithms, Correctness of Algorithm.

2. Algorithm Design Techniques

(8 Lectures)

Iterative techniques, Divide and Conquer, Dynamic Programming, Greedy Algorithms.

3. Sorting and Searching Techniques

(20 Lectures

Elementary sorting techniques—Bubble Sort, Insertion Sort, Merge Sort, Advanced Sorting techniques - Heap Sort, Quick Sort, Sorting in Linear Time - Bucket Sort, Radix Sort and Count Sort, Searching Techniques, Medians & Order Statistics, complexity analysis;

4.Lower Bounding Techniques

(5 Lectures)

Decision Trees

5.Balanced Trees

(7 Lectures)

Red-Black Trees

6.Advanced Analysis Technique

(5 Lectures)

Amortized analysis

7.Graphs (5 Lectures)

Graph Algorithms–Breadth First Search, Depth First Search and its Applications, Minimum Spanning Trees.

8.String Processing

(5Lectures)

String Matching, KMP Technique

Recommended Books:

- 1. T.H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronald L. Rivest, Clifford Stein Introduction to Algorithms, PHI, 3rd Edition 2009

COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-VIII): Analysis and Design of Algorithms

Lab Practical: 60 Lectures

- i. Implement Insertion Sort (The program should report the number of comparisons) ii. Implement Merge Sort(The program should report the number of comparisons)
- 2. Implement Heap Sort(The program should report the number of comparisons)
- 3. Implement Randomized Quick sort (The program should report the number of comparisons)
- 4. Implement Radix Sort
- 5. Create a Red-Black Tree and perform following operations on it:
 - i. Insert a node
 - ii. Delete a node
 - iii. Search for a number & also report the color of the node containing this number.
- 6. Write a program to determine the LCS of two given sequences
- 7. Implement Breadth-First Search in a graph
- 8. Implement Depth-First Search in a graph
- 9. Write a program to determine the minimum spanning tree of a graph

For the algorithms at S.No 1 to 3 test run the algorithm on 100 different inputs of sizes varying from 30 to 1000. Count the number of comparisons and draw the graph. Compare it with a graph of nlogn.

B.Sc. COMPUTER SC (Hons)

CBCS w.e.f. 2017-18

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-IX): Software Engineering

Theory: 60 Lectures

1.Introduction (8 Lectures)

The Evolving Role of Software, Software Characteristics, Changing Nature of Software, Software Engineering as a Layered Technology, Software Process Framework, Framework and Umbrella Activities, Process Models, Capability Maturity Model Integration (CMMI).

2. Requirement Analysis

(10 Lectures)

Software Requirement Analysis, Initiating Requirement Engineering Process, Requirement Analysis and Modeling Techniques, Flow Oriented Modeling, Need for SRS, Characteristics and Components for SRS

3. Software Project Management

(8 Lectures)

Estimation in Project Planning Process, Project Scheduling

4. Risk Management

(8 Lectures)

Software Risks, Risk Identification, Risk Projection and Risk Refinement, RMMM Plan

5. Quality Management

(8 Lectures)

Quality Concepts, Software Quality Assurance, Software Review, Metrics for Process and Project

6. **Design Engineering**

(8 Lectures)

Design Concepts, Architectural Design Elements, Software Architecture, Design at the Architectural Level and Component Level, Mapping of Data Flow into Software Architecture, Modeling Component Level Design.

7.Testing Strategies & Tactics (8 Lectures) Software Testing Fundamentals, Strategic Approach to Software Testing, Test Strategies for Conventional Software, Validation Testing, System testing, Black-Box Testing, White-Box Testing and their type, Basis Path Testing.

Recommended Books:

- 1. R S Pressman, Software Engineering; A Practitioner's Approach (7th Edition), MGH, 2009
- 2. P Jalote, An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering (2nd Edition), NPH, 2003
- 3. R. Mall, Fundamentals of Software Engineering (2nd Edition), PHI, 2004



COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-IX): Software Engineering Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

Practical Title
• Problem Statement,
 Process Model
Requirement Analysis:
Creating a Data Flow
Data Dictionary, Use Cases
Project Management:
Computing FP
Effort, Schedule, Risk Table, Timeline Chart
Design Engineering
Architectural Design
Data Design, Component Level Design
Testing
Basic Path Testing

Sample Projects:

- 1. **Criminal Record Management**: Implement a criminal record management system for jailers, police officers and CBI officers
- 2. **DTC Route Information**: Online information about the bus routes and their frequency and fares
- 3. **Car Pooling**: To maintain a web based intranet application that enables the corporate employees within an organization to avail the facility of carpooling effectively.
- 4. Patient Appointment and Prescription Management System
- 5. Organized Retail Shopping Management Software
- 6. Online Hotel Reservation Service System
- 6. Examination and Result computation system
- 7. Automatic Internal Assessment System
- 8. Parking Allocation System
- 9. Wholesale Management System



COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-X): Database Management Systems

Theory: 60 Lectures

Mapping ER/EER model to relational database, functional dependencies, Lossless decomposition, Normal forms(upto BCNF).

1. **Introduction:** (6 Lectures)

Characteristics of Database Approach, Data Models, Database System Architecture and Data Independence

2. Entity Relationship (ER) Modeling

(8 Lectures)

Entity Types, Relations, Constraints

3. Relational Data Model

(20 Lectures)

Relational Model Concepts, Relational Constraints, Relational Algebra, SQL Queries

4. **Database Design** (15 Lectures)

Mapping ER/EER model to relational database, functional dependencies, Lossless decomposition, Normal forms(upto BCNF).

5.Transaction Processing

(3 Lectures)

ACID properties, concurrency control

6.File Structure and Indexing

(8 Lectures)

Operations on File, Unordered and Ordered Records, Overview of File Organizations, Indexing Structures for Files, B and B⁺ Trees

Books Recommended:

^{1.} R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems 6th E, PE, 2010

^{2.} R. Ramakrishanan, J. Gehrke, Database Management Systems 3rd E, MGH, 2002

 $^{^{3.}}$ A. Silberschatz, H.F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, Database System Concepts 6 th th th PE

COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-X): Database Management Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

Create and use the following database schema to answer the given queries.

EMPLOYEE Schema							
Field	Type	NULL	KEY	DEFAULT			
Eno	Char(3)	NO	PRI	NIL			
Ename	Varchar(50)	NO		NIL			
Job_type	Varchar(50)	NO		NIL			
Manager	Char(3)	Yes	FK	NIL			
Hire_date	Date	NO		NIL			
Dno	Integer	YES	FK	NIL			
Commission	Decimal(10,2)	YES		NIL			
Salary	Decimal(7,2)	NO		NIL			

DEPARTMENT Schema							
Field	Type	NULL KEY	DEFAULT				
Dno	Integer	No PRI	NULL				
Dname	Varchar(50)	Yes	NULL				
Location	Varchar(50)	Yes	New Delhi				

Query List

- 1. Query to display Employee Name, Job, Hire Date, Employee Number; for each employee with the Employee Number appearing first.
- 2. Query to display unique Jobs from the Employee Table.
- 3. Query to display the Employee Name concatenated by a Job separated by a comma.
- 4. Query to display all the data from the Employee Table. Separate each Column by a comma and name the said column as THE_OUTPUT.
- 5. Query to display the Employee Name and Salary of all the employees earning more than \$2850.
- 6. Query to display Employee Name and Department Number for the Employee No= 7900.
- 7. Query to display Employee Name and Salary for all employees whose salary is not in the range of \$1500 and \$2850.
- 8. Query to display Employee Name and Department No. of all the employees in Dept 10 and Dept 30 in the alphabetical order by name.
- 9. Query to display Name and Hire Date of every Employee who was hired in 1981.
- 10. Query to display Name and Job of all employees who don't have a current Manager.
- 11. Query to display the Name, Salary and Commission for all the employees who earn commission.
- 12. Sort the data in descending order of Salary and Commission.
- 13. Query to display Name of all the employees where the third letter of their name is A'.
- 14. Query to display Name of all employees either have two R's or have two A's in their name and are either in Dept No = 30 or their Manger's Employee No = 7788.
- 15. Query to display Name, Salary and Commission for all employees whose Commission Amount is 14 greater than their Salary increased by 5%.
- 16. Query to display the Current Date.
- 17. Query to display Name, Hire Date and Salary Review Date which is the 1st Monday after six months of employment.

- 18. Query to display Name and calculate the number of months between today and the date each employee was hired.
- 19. Query to display the following for each employee <E-Name> earns < Salary> monthly but wants < 3 * Current Salary >. Label the Column as Dream Salary.
- 20. Query to display Name with the 1st letter capitalized and all other letter lower case and length of their name of all the employees whose name starts with J', 'A' and M'.
- 21. Query to display Name, Hire Date and Day of the week on which the employee started.
- 22. Query to display Name, Department Name and Department No for all the employees.
- 23. Query to display Unique Listing of all Jobs that are in Department # 30.
- 24. Query to display Name, Dept Name of all employees who have an A' in their name.
- 25. Query to display Name, Job, Department No. And Department Name for all the employees working at the Dallas location.
- 26. Query to display Name and Employee no. Along with their Manger's Name and the Manager's employee no; along with the Employees' Name who do not have a Manager.
- 27. Query to display Name, Dept No. And Salary of any employee whose department No. and salary matches both the department no. And the salary of any employee who earns a commission.
- 28. Query to display Name and Salaries represented by asterisks, where each asterisk (*) signifies \$100.
- 29. Query to display the Highest, Lowest, Sum and Average Salaries of all the employees
- 30. Query to display the number of employees performing the same Job type functions.
- 31. Query to display the no. of managers without listing their names.
- 32. Query to display the Department Name, Location Name, No. of Employees and the average salary for all employees in that department.
- 33. Query to display Name and Hire Date for all employees in the same dept. as Blake.
- 34. Query to display the Employee No. And Name for all employees who earn more than the average salary.
- 35. Query to display Employee Number and Name for all employees who work in a department with any employee whose name contains a T'.
- 36. Query to display the names and salaries of all employees who report to King.
- 37. Query to display the department no, name and job for all employees in the Sales department.

B.Sc. COMPUTER SC (Hons)

CBCS w.e.f. 2017-18

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-XI): Internet Technologies

Theory: 60 Lectures

Java (5 lectures)

Use of Objects, Array and ArrayList class

JavaScript (15 lectures)

Data types, operators, functions, control structures, events and event handling.

JDBC (10 lectures)

JDBC Fundamentals, Establishing Connectivity and working with connection interface, Working with statements, Creating and Executing SQL Statements, Working with Result Set Objects.

JSP (20 lectures)

Introduction to Java Server Pages, HTTP and Servlet Basics, The Problem with Servlets, The Anatomy of a JSP Page, JSP Processing, JSP Application Design with MVC, Setting Up the JSP Environment, Implicit JSP Objects, Conditional Processing, Displaying Values, Using an expression to Set an Attribute, Declaring Variables and Methods, Error Handling and Debugging, Sharing Data Between JSP Pages, Requests, and Users, Database Access.

Java Beans (10 lectures)

Java Beans Fundamentals, JAR files, Introspection, Developing a simple Bean, Connecting to DB

Recommended Books:

- 1. Ivan Bayross, Web Enabled Commercial Application Development Using Html, Dhtml,javascript, Perl Cgi, BPB Publications, 2009.
- 2. Cay Horstmann, BIG Java, Wiley Publication, 3rd Edition., 2009
- 3. Herbert Schildt, Java 7, The Complete Reference, , 8th Edition, 2009.
- 4. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, TMH, , 2002.
- 5. O'Reilly, Java Server Pages, Hans Bergsten, Third Edition, 2003.



COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-XI): Internet Technologies Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

Create event driven program for following:

- 1. Print a table of numbers from 5 to 15 and their squares and cubes using alert.
- 2. Print the largest of three numbers.
- 3. Find the factorial of a number n.
- 4. Enter a list of positive numbers terminated by Zero. Find the sum and average of these numbers.
- 5. A person deposits Rs 1000 in a fixed account yielding 5% interest. Compute the amount in the account at the end of each year for n years.



COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-XII): Theory of Computations

Theory: 60 Lectures

1. Languages: (8 Lectures)

Alphabets, String, Language, Basic Operations on Language, Concatenation, KleeneStar

2. Finite Automata and Regular Languages

(20 Lectures)

Regular Expressions, Transition Graphs, Deterministic and non-deterministic finite automata, NFA to DFA Conversion, Regular languages and their relationship with finite automata, Pumping lemma and closure properties of regular languages.

3. Context free languages

(17 Lectures)

Context free grammars, parse trees, ambiguities in grammars and languages, Pushdown automata (Deterministic and Non-deterministic), Pumping Lemma, Properties of context free languages, normal forms.

4.Turing Machines and Models of Computations

(15 Lectures)

RAM, Turing Machine as a model of computation, Universal Turing Machine, Language acceptability, decidability, halting problem, Recursively enumerable and recursive languages, un-solvability problems.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Daniel I.A.Cohen, Introduction to computer theory, John Wiley, 1996
- 2. Lewis & Papadimitriou, Elements of the theory of computation, PHI 1997.
- 3. Hoperoft, Aho, Ullman, Introduction to Automata theory, Language & Computation $\mathbf{3^{rd}}$ Edition, Pearson Education. 2006
- 4. P. Linz, An Introduction to Formal Language and Automata 4th edition Publication Jones Bartlett, 2006

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-XII): Theory of Computations

Tutorial: 15 Lectures

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-XIII): Artificial Intelligence

Theory: 60 Lectures

1.Introduction (06 Lectures)

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, Background and Applications, Turing Test and Rational Agent approaches to AI, Introduction to Intelligent Agents, their structure, behavior and environment.

2. Problem Solving and Searching Techniques

(20 Lectures)

Problem Characteristics, Production Systems, Control Strategies, Breadth First Search, Depth First Search, Hill climbing and its Variations, Heuristics Search Techniques: Best First Search, A* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction Problem, Means-End Analysis, Introduction to Game Playing, Min-Max and Alpha-Beta pruning algorithms.

3. Knowledge Representation

(20 Lectures)

Introduction to First Order Predicate Logic, Resolution Principle, Unification, Semantic Nets, Conceptual Dependencies, Frames, and Scripts, Production Rules, Conceptual Graphs.

Programming in Logic (PROLOG)

4.Dealing with Uncertainty and Inconsistencies

(08 Lectures)

Truth Maintenance System, Default Reasoning, Probabilistic Reasoning, Bayesian Probabilistic Inference, Possible World Representations.

5.Understanding Natural Languages

(06 Lectures)

Parsing Techniques, Context-Free and Transformational Grammars, Recursive and Augmented Transition Nets.

BOOKS RECOMMENDED:

- 1. DAN.W. Patterson, Introduction to A.I and Expert Systems PHI, 2007.
- 2. Russell & Norvig, Artificial Intelligence-A Modern Approach, LPE, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2nd edition, 2005.
- 3. Rich & Knight, Artificial Intelligence Tata McGraw Hill, 2nd edition, 1991.
- 4. W.F. Clocksin and Mellish, Programming in PROLOG, Narosa Publishing House, 3rd edition, 2001.
- 5. Ivan Bratko, Prolog Programming for Artificial Intelligence, Addison-Wesley, Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2000.



COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-XIII): Artificial Intelligence Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. Write a prolog program to calculate the sum of two numbers.
- 2. Write a prolog program to find the maximum of two numbers.
- 3. Write a prolog program to calculate the factorial of a given number.
- 4. Write a prolog program to calculate the nth Fibonacci number.
- 5. Write a prolog program, insert_nth(item, n, into_list, result) that asserts that result is the list into_list with item inserted as the n'th element into every list at all levels.
- 6. Write a Prolog program to remove the Nth item from a list.
- 7. Write a Prolog program, remove-nth(Before, After) that asserts the After list is the Before list with the removal of every n'th item from every list at all levels.
- 8. Write a Prolog program to implement append for two lists.
- 9. Write a Prolog program to implement palindrome(List).
- 10. Write a Prolog program to implement max(X,Y,Max) so that Max is the greater of two numbers X and Y.
- 11. Write a Prolog program to implement maxlist(List,Max) so that Max is the greatest number in the list of numbers List.
- 12. Write a Prolog program to implement sumlist(List,Sum) so that Sum is the sum of a given list of numbers List.
- 13. Write a Prolog program to implement two predicates evenlength(List) and oddlength(List) so that they are true if their argument is a list of even or odd length respectively.
- 14. Write a Prolog program to implement reverse(List,ReversedList) that reverses lists.
- 15. Write a Prolog program to implement maxlist(List,Max) so that Max is the greatest number in the list of numbers List using cut predicate.
- 16. Write a Prolog program to implement GCD of two numbers.
- 17. Write a prolog program that implements Semantic Networks/Frame Structures.

B.Sc. COMPUTER SC (Hons)

CBCS w.e.f. 2017-18

COMPUTER SCIENCE (C-XIV): Computer Graphics

Theory: 60 Lectures

1.Introduction (5 Lectures)Basic elements of Computer graphics, Applications of Computer Graphics.

2. Graphics Hardware

(8 Lectures)

Architecture of Raster and Random scan display devices, input/output devices.

3. Fundamental Techniques in Graphics

(22 Lectures)

Raster scan line, circle and ellipse drawing, thick primitives, Polygon filling, line and polygon clipping algorithms, 2D and 3D Geometric Transformations, 2D and 3D Viewing Transformations (Projections- Parallel and Perspective), Vanishing points.

4.Geometric Modeling

(10 Lectures)

Representing curves & Surfaces.

5. Visible Surface determination

(8 Lectures)

Hidden surface elimination.

6.Surface rendering

(7 Lectures)

Illumination and shading models. Basic color models and Computer Animation.

Books Recommended:

- 1. J.D.Foley, A.Van Dan, Feiner, Hughes Computer Graphics Principles & Practice 2nd edition Publication Addison Wesley 1990.
- 2. D.Hearn, Baker: Computer Graphics, Prentice Hall of India 2008.
- 3. D.F.Rogers Procedural Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill 1997.
- 4. D.F.Rogers, Adams Mathematical Elements for Computer Graphics, McGraw Hill 2nd edition 1989.



COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB (C-XIV): Computer Graphics Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. Write a program to implement Bresenham's line drawing algorithm.
- 2. Write a program to implement mid-point circle drawing algorithm.
- 3. Write a program to clip a line using Cohen and Sutherland line clipping algorithm.
- 4. Write a program to clip a polygon using Sutherland Hodgeman algorithm.
- 5. Write a program to apply various 2D transformations on a 2D object (use homogenous coordinates).
- 6. Write a program to apply various 3D transformations on a 3D object and then apply parallel and perspective projection on it.
- 7. Write a program to draw Hermite/Bezier curve.

Discipline Specific Elective Papers COMPUTER SCIENCE:

(Credit: 06 each)

(4 papers to be selected) – DSE 1 - 4

I. Numerical Methods

Theory: 60 Lectures

Floating point representation and computer arithmetic, Significant digits, Errors: Round-off error, Local truncation error, Global truncation error, Order of a method, Convergence and terminal conditions, Efficient computations

Bisection method, Secant method, Regula-Falsi method

Newton-Raphson method, Newton's method for solving nonlinear systems

Gauss elimination method (with row pivoting) and Gauss-Jordan method, Gauss

Thomas method for tridiagonal systems

Iterative methods: Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel iterative

methods Interpolation: Lagrange's form and Newton's form

Finite difference operators, Gregory Newton forward and backward differences Interpolation Piecewise polynomial interpolation: Linear interpolation, Cubic spline interpolation (only method), Numerical differentiation: First derivatives and second order derivatives, Richardson extrapolation

Numerical integration: Trapezoid rule, Simpson's rule (only method), Newton-Cotes open formulas

Extrapolation methods: Romberg integration, Gaussian quadrature, Ordinary differential equation: Euler's method, Modified Euler's methods: Heun method and Midpoint method, Runge-Kutta second methods: Heun method without iteration, Mid-point method and Ralston's method

Classical 4th order Runge-Kutta method, Finite difference method for linear ODE

REFERNCE BOOKS:

- [1] Laurence V. Fausett, Applied Numerical Analysis, Using MATLAB, Pearson, 2/e (2012)
- [2] M.K. Jain, S.R.K. Iyengar and R.K. Jain, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, New Age International Publisher, 6/e (2012)
- [3] Steven C Chapra, Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and Scientists, Tata McGraw Hill, 2/e (2010)



Numerical Methods Lab Practical: 60 lectures

- 1. Find the roots of the equation by bisection method.
- 2. Find the roots of the equation by secant/Regula–Falsi method.
- 3. Find the roots of the equation by Newton's method.
- 4. Find the solution of a system of nonlinear equation using Newton's method.
- 5. Find the solution of tridiagonal system using Gauss Thomas method.
- 6. Find the solution of system of equations using Jacobi/Gauss-Seidel method.
- 7. Find the cubic spline interpolating function.
- 8. Evaluate the approximate value of finite integrals using Gaussian/Romberg integration.
- 9. Solve the boundary value problem using finite difference method.

Note: Programming is to be done in any one of Computer Algebra Systems: MATLAB / MATHEMATICA / MAPLE.

II. Operational Research

Theory: 60 Lectures

Introduction to Operational Research (OR): Origin & Development, Different Phases of OR study, Methodology of OR, Scope and Limitations of OR, Applications of OR.

Linear Programming: Linearly independent / dependent vectors, Basis, Convex sets,

Extreme points. Graphical method. Simplex method, Artificial variable techniques-

Two Phase Method; M-Charnes Method, Special cases in LPP.

Duality: Definition of the dual problem, Primal-dual relationships, Economic

Interpretation of Duality, Dual simplex Method.

Sensitivity analysis: Changes in cost and resource vector

Reference Books

- 1. G. Hadley: Linear Programming. Narosa, 2002 (reprint).
- **2. A. Ravindran, D. T. Phillips and James J. Solberg:** Operations Research-Principles and Practice, John Wiley & Sons, 2005.
- **3. Hamdy A. Taha:** Operations Research-An Introduction, Prentice Hall, 8th Edition, 2008.
- **4. F.S. Hillier. G.J. Lieberman**: Introduction to Operations Research- Concepts and Cases, 9th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill. 2010.

Operational Research Lab Practical: 60 Lectures

[1] To solve Linear Programming Problem using Graphical

Method with Unbounded solution

Infeasible solution

Alternative or multiple solutions.

- [2] Solution of LPP with simplex method.
- [3] Problem solving using M-Charnes method.
- [4] Problem solving using Two Phase method.
- [5] Illustration of following special cases in LPP using Simplex method

Unrestricted variables

Unbounded solution

Infeasible solution

Alternative or multiple solution

- [6] Problems based on Dual simplex method.
- [7] Problems based on sensitivity analysis.

III. Microprocessor

Theory: 60 Lectures

Microprocessor architecture: Internal architecture, system bus architecture, memory and I/O interfaces.

Microprocessor programming: Register Organization, instruction formats, assembly language programming.

Interfacing: Memory address decoding, cache memory and cache controllers, I/O interface,keyboard, display, timer, interrupt controller, DMA controller, video controllers, communication interfaces.

Recommended Books:

- 1. Barry B. Brey: The Intel Microprocessors: Architecture, Programming and Interfacing. Pearson Education, Sixth Edition, 2009.
- 2. Walter A Triebel, Avtar Singh; The 8088 and 8086 Microprocessors Programming, Interfacing, Software, Hardware, and Applications. PHI, Fourth Edition 2005.

Microprocessor Lab Practical: 60 Lectures

ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING

- 1. Write a program for 32-bit binary division and multiplication
- 2. Write a program for 32-bit BCD addition and subtraction
- 3. Write a program for Linear search and binary search.
- 4. Write a program to add and subtract two arrays
- 5. Write a program for binary to ascii conversion
- 6. Write a program for ascii to binary conversion

IV. Digital Image Processing

Theory: 60 Lectures



1. Introduction (6 Lectures)

Light, Brightness adaption and discrimination, Pixels, coordinate conventions, Imaging Geometry, Perspective Projection, Spatial Domain Filtering, sampling and quantization.

2. Spatial Domain Filtering

(7 Lectures)

Intensity transformations, contrast stretching, histogram equalization, Correlation and convolution, Smoothing filters, sharpening filters, gradient and Laplacian.

3. Filtering in the Frequency domain

(8 Lectures)

Hotelling Transform, Fourier Transforms and properties, FFT (Decimation in Frequency and Decimation in Time Techniques), Convolution, Correlation, 2-D sampling, Discrete Cosine Transform, Frequency domain filtering.

4. Image Restoration

(8 Lectures)

Basic Framework, Interactive Restoration, Image deformation and geometric transformations, image morphing, Restoration techniques, Noise characterization, Noise restoration filters, Adaptive filters, Linear, Position invariant degradations, Estimation of Degradation functions, Restoration from projections.

5. Image Compression

(10 Lectures)

Encoder-Decoder model, Types of redundancies, Lossy and Lossless compression, Entropy of an information source, Shannon's 1st Theorem, Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, Golomb Coding, LZW coding, Transform Coding, Sub-image size selection, blocking artifacts, DCT implementation using FFT, Run length coding, FAX compression (CCITT Group-3 and Group-4), Symbol-based coding, JBIG-2, Bit-plane encoding, Bit-allocation, Zonal Coding, Threshold Coding, JPEG, Lossless predictive coding, Lossy predictive coding, Motion Compensation

6. Wavelet based Image Compression

(5 Lectures)

Expansion of functions, Multi-resolution analysis, Scaling functions, MRA refinement equation, Wavelet series expansion, Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT), Continuous Wavelet Transform, Fast Wavelet Transform, 2-D wavelet Transform, JPEG-2000 encoding, Digital Image Watermarking.

7. Morphological Image Processing

(7 Lectures)

Basics, SE, Erosion, Dilation, Opening, Closing, Hit-or-Miss Transform, Boundary Detection, Hole filling, Connected components, convex hull, thinning, thickening, skeletons, pruning, Geodesic Dilation, Erosion, Reconstruction by dilation and erosion.



8. Image Segmentation

(9 Lectures)

Boundary detection based techniques, Point, line detection, Edge detection, Edge linking, local processing, regional processing, Hough transform, Thresholding, Iterative thresholding, Otsu's method, Moving averages, Multivariable thresholding, Region-based segmentation, Watershed algorithm, Use of motion in segmentation

Reference Books

- 1. R C Gonzalez, R E Woods, Digital Image Processing, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education. 2008.
- 2. A K Jain, Fundamentals of Digital image Processing, Prentice Hall of India.1989.
- 3. K R Castleman, Digital Image Processing, Pearson Education. 1996
- 4. Schalkoff, Digital Image Processing and Computer Vision, John Wiley and Sons. 1989.
- 5. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven Eddins, 'Digital Image Processing using MATLAB', Pearson Education, Inc., 2004.



Digital Image Processing Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. Write program to read and display digital image using MATLAB or SCILAB
 - a. Become familiar with SCILAB/MATLAB Basic commands
 - b. Read and display image in SCILAB/MATLAB
 - c. Resize given image
 - d. Convert given color image into gray-scale image
 - e. Convert given color/gray-scale image into black & white image
 - f. Draw image profile
 - g. Separate color image in three R G & B planes
 - h. Create color image using R, G and B three separate planes
 - i. Flow control and LOOP in SCILAB
 - j. Write given 2-D data in image file
- 2. To write and execute image processing programs using point processing method
 - a. Obtain Negative image
 - b. Obtain Flip image
 - c. Thresholding
 - d. Contrast stretching
- 3. To write and execute programs for image arithmetic operations
 - a. Addition of two images
 - b. Subtract one image from other image
 - c. Calculate mean value of image
 - d. Different Brightness by changing mean value
- 4. To write and execute programs for image logical operations
 - a. AND operation between two images
 - b. OR operation between two images
 - c. Calculate intersection of two images
 - d. Water Marking using EX-OR operation
 - e. NOT operation (Negative image)
- 5. To write a program for histogram calculation and equalization using
 - a. Standard MATLAB function
 - b. Program without using standard MATLAB functions
 - c. C Program
- 6. To write and execute program for geometric transformation of image
 - a. Translation
 - b. Scaling
 - c. Rotation
 - d. Shrinking
 - e. Zooming

- 7. To understand various image noise models and to write programs for
 - a. image restoration
 - b. Remove Salt and Pepper Noise
 - c. Minimize Gaussian noise
 - d. Median filter and Weiner filter
- 8. Write and execute programs to remove noise using spatial filters
 - a. Understand 1-D and 2-D convolution process
 - b. Use 3x3 Mask for low pass filter and high pass filter
- 9. Write and execute programs for image frequency domain filtering
 - a. Apply FFT on given image
 - b. Perform low pass and high pass filtering in frequency domain
 - c. Apply IFFT to reconstruct image
- 10. Write a program in C and MATLAB/SCILAB for edge detection using different edge detection mask
 - 11. Write and execute program for image morphological operations erosion and dilation.
- 12. To write and execute program for wavelet transform on given image and perform inverse wavelet transform to reconstruct image.



V. Information Security

Theory: 60 Lectures

1. Introduction

Security, Attacks, Computer Criminals, Security Services, Security Mechanisms.

2. Cryptography

Substitution ciphers, Transpositions Cipher, Confusion, diffusion, Symmetric, Asymmetric Encryption. DES Modes of DES, Uses of Encryption, Hash function, key exchange, Digital Signatures, Digital Certificates.

3. Program Security

Secure programs, Non malicious Program errors, Malicious codes virus, Trap doors, Salami attacks, Covert channels, Control against program

4. Threats.

Protection in OS: Memory and Address Protection, Access control, File Protection, User Authentication.

5. Database Security

Requirements, Reliability, Integrity, Sensitive data, Inference, Multilevel Security.

6. Security in Networks

Threats in Networks, Security Controls, firewalls, Intrusion detection systems, Secure e-mails

7. Administrating Security

Security Planning, Risk Analysis, Organisational Security Policy, Physical Security. Ethical issues in Security: Protecting Programs and data. Information and law.

Recommended Books:

- 1. C. P. Pfleeger, S. L. Pfleeger; Security in Computing, Prentice Hall of India, 2006
- 2. W. Stallings; Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards, 4/E, 2010

Information Security Lab Practical: 60 lectures

- 1. Demonstrate the use of Network tools: ping, ipconfig, ifconfig, tracert, arp, netstat, whois
- 2. Use of Password cracking tools: John the Ripper, Ophcrack. Verify the strength of passwords using these tools.
- 3. Perform encryption and decryption of Caesar cipher. Write a script for performing these operations.
- 4. Perform encryption and decryption of a Rail fence cipher. Write a script for performing these operations.
- 5. Use nmap/zenmap to analyze a remote machine.
- 6. Use Burp proxy to capture and modify the message.
- 7. Demonstrate sending of a protected word document.
- 8. Demonstrate sending of a digitally signed document.
- 9. Demonstrate sending of a protected worksheet.
- 10. Demonstrate use of steganography tools.
- 11. Demonstrate use of gpg utility for signing and encrypting purposes.



VI. Introduction to Data Science

Theory: 60 Lectures

Data Scientist's Tool Box: Turning data into actionable knowledge, introduction to the tools that will be used in building data analysis software: version control, markdown, git, GitHub, R, and RStudio.

R Programming Basics: Overview of R, R data types and objects, reading and writing data, Control structures, functions, scoping rules, dates and times, Loop functions, debugging tools, Simulation, code profiling

Getting and Cleaning Data: Obtaining data from the web, from APIs, from database sand from colleagues in various formats. basics of data cleaning and making data tidy.

Exploratory Data Analysis: Essential exploratory techniques for summarizing data, applied before formal modeling commences, eliminating or sharpening potential hypotheses about the world that can be addressed by the data, common multivariate statistical techniques used to visualize high-dimensional data.

Reproducible Research: Concepts and tools behind reporting modern data analyses in are producible manner, To write a document using R markdown, integrate live R code into a literate statistical program, compile R markdown documents using knitr and related tools, and organize a data analysis so that it is reproducible and accessible to others.

Reference Books

- 1. Rachel Schutt, Cathy O'Neil, "Doing Data Science: Straight Talk from the Frontiline" by Schroff/O'Reilly, 2013.
- 2. Foster Provost, Tom Fawcett, "Data Science for Business" What You Need to Know About Data Mining and Data-Analytic Thinking" by O'Reilly, 2013.
- 3. John W. Foreman, "Data Smart: Using data Science to Transform Information into Insight" by John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
- 4. Ian Ayres, "Super Crunchers: Why Thinking-by-Numbers Is the New Way to Be Smart" Ist Edition by Bantam, 2007.
- 5. Eric Seigel, "Predictive Analytics: The Power to Predict who Will Click, Buy, Lie, or Die", 1st Edition, by Wiley, 2013.
- 6. Matthew A. Russel, "Mining the Social Web: Data mining Facebook, Twitter, Linkedln, Goole+, GitHub, and More", Second Edition, by O'Reilly Media, 2013.



Introduction to Data Science Lab Practical: 60 Lectures

- 1. Write a program that asks the user for a number n and prints the sum of the numbers 1 to n
 - 2. Write a program that prints Hello World' to the screen.
- 3. Write a program that prints a multiplication table for numbers up to 12.
- 4. Write a function that returns the largest element in a list.
- 5. Write a function that computes the running total of a list. 6.

Write a function that tests whether a string is a palindrome.

- 7. Implement linear search.
- 8. Implement binary search.
- 9. Implement matrices addition, subtraction and Multiplication
- 10. Fifteen students were enrolled in a course. There ages were:

20 20 20 20 20 21 21 21 22 22 22 22 23 23 23

i. Find the median age of all students under 22 years ii. Find the median age of all students

iii. Find the mean age of all students iv. Find the modal age for all students

- v. Two more students enter the class. The age of both students is 23. What is now mean, mode and median?
- 11. Following table gives a frequency distribution of systolic blood pressure. Compute all the measures of dispersion.

Midpoint	95.5	105.5	115.5	125.5	135.5	145.5	155.5	165.5	175.5
Number	5	8	22	27	17	9	5	5	2

- 12. Obtain probability distribution of , where X is number of spots showing when a six-sided symmetric die (i.e. all six faces of the die are equally likely) is rolled. Simulate random samples of sizes 40, 70 and 100 respectively and verify the frequency interpretation of probability.
- 13. Make visual representations of data using the base, lattice, and ggplot2 plotting systems in R, apply basic principles of data graphics to create rich analytic graphics from available datasets.
- **14.** Use Git / Github software to create Github account. Also, create a repo using Github.

VII Project Work/Dissertation

- This option is to be offered only in 6th Semester.
- The students will be allowed to work on any project based on the concepts studied in core/elective or skill based elective courses.
- The group size should be maximum of three (03) students.
- Each group will be assigned a teacher as a supervisor who will handle both their theory as well lab classes.
- A maximum of Four (04) projects would be assigned to one teacher.
- Theory classes will cover project management techniques.



VIII. Network Programming

Theory: 60 Lectures

Transport Layer Protocols: TCP, UDP, SCTP protocol. Socket Programming: Socket Introduction; TCP Sockets; TCP Client/Server Example; signal handling; I/O multiplexing using sockets; Socket Options; UDP Sockets; UDP client server example; Address lookup using sockets. Network Applications: Remote logging; Email; WWW and HTTP. LAN administration: Linux and TCP/IP networking: Network Management and Debugging.

Recommended Books:

- 1. W. Richard Stevens, Bill Fenner, Andrew M. Rudoff, Unix Network Programming, The sockets Networking API, Vol. 1, 3rd Edition, PHI.2003
- 2. B. A. Forouzan: Data Communications and Networking, Fourth edition, THM Publishing Company Ltd.,2003
- 3. Nemeth Synder & Hein, Linux Administration Handbook, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2010
- 4. R. Stevens, Unix Network Programming, PHI 2nd Edition, 1990

Network Programming Lab

Practical: 60 Lectures

Practical exercises based on concepts listed in theory.



SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES (Credit 02 Each)

(Any Two to be Selected: SEC 1 - SEC 2)

1 HTML Programming: Theory

UNIT I: Introduction

(1L)

UNIT II: Basics

(2L)

Head, Body,

Colors, Attributes

Lists, Ordered, Unordered

UNIT III: Links

(3L)

Introduction

Relative and Absolute Links

Link Attributes

Using the ID Attribute to Link within a Document

UNIT IV: Images

(2L)

Putting an Image on a Page

Using Images as Links

Putting an Image in the Background

UNIT V: Tables

(4L)

Creating a Table

Table Headers

Captions

Spanning Multiple Columns

Styling Table

UNIT VI: Forms

(3L)

Basic Input and Attributes

Other Kind of Inputs

Styling Forms with CSS

Where to Go from Here

HTML Programming: LAB Software Lab Based on HTML:

- Q.1 Create an HTML document with the following formatting options:
 - I. Bold
 - II. Italics
 - III. Underline
 - IV. Headings (Using H1 to H6 heading styles)
 - V. Font (Type, Size and Color)
 - VII. Paragraph
 - VIII. Line Break
 - IX. Horizontal Rule
 - X. Pre tag
- Q.2 Create an HTML document which consists of:
 - I. Ordered List
 - II. Unordered List
 - III. Nested List
 - IV Image
- Q.3. Create a table having students' Roll, Name and Grade
- Q.4 Create a Table with an inserted image
- Q.5 Create a form using HTML which has the following types of controls:
 - [4] Text Box
 - II. Option/radio buttons
 - III. Check boxes
 - IV. Reset and Submit buttons

ubscribe to XYZ News Magazine and Emails
terested in receiving daily small updates of all latest News? Well, now you can. And best or all, it is free! hist fill out this form id submit it by clicking the "send it In" button. We will put you on our mailing list and you will receive your first small in 3-5 uys.
ease fill the following boxes to help us send the emails and our news letter
ret Name.
ast Name.
15HC655*
e most lisve a correct e-mail address to send you the news letter.
nai:
ow did you hear about XYZ News Magazine and Emails?
Here on the Web. O In a magazine. O'Television. O'Other
"ould you like to be on our regular mailing list?
Yes, we love junk emails
Reset Senditir I



Q6. Create HTML documents (having multiple frames) in the following three formats

Frame 1 Frame 2

Frame 1 Frame 2 Frame 3



2 XML Programming: Theory

(3L)
(5L)
(4L)
(3L)

Books Recommended

- XML in action web technology by William J. Pardi
 Step by Step XML by Michael J. Young

Software Lab Based on XML:

Exercise #1 – Information Structure

In this exercise, student will practice identifying the structure of an information object. For the sample document provided below:

Label the information structures you see, including containing structures.

1. Draw a tree representation of the structure.



Exercise 2# Deconstructing an XML Document

In this exercise, student will practice identifying the explicit structure within an XML document. In a sense, this is the reverse of what you did in Exercise #1. For the sample XML markup below, create a document-like representation (or a simple drawing) for the content contained within the XML tags:

<book>

<coverInfo>

<title>The XML

Handbook</title><author>Charles F.

Goldfarb</author><author>Paul

Prescod</author><edition>Second</edit

ion>

<description>The definitive XML resource: applications, products, and technologies. Revised and expanded—over 600 new pages.

</description>

</coverInfo>

</book>

Exercise #3 – Creating XML Markup

In this exercise, create some XML markup based on the tree representation from Exercise #1 above, and the content from the original sample document.

Exercise #4 – Well-Formedness

This exercise checks your understanding of the constraints for well-formedness. Are the following document instances well-formed? Explain any NO answers.

<list><title>The first list</title><item>An

item</list><item>An item</item><item>Another

item</item>

<para>Bathing a cat is a <emph>relatively</emph> easy task as long as the cat is

willing.</para><bibl><title>How to Bathe a Cat<author></title>Merlin Bauer<author></bibl>

Exercise #5-Well Formedness

This exercise is a bit more challenging than the previous example. Here is a fragment of an XML document instance. Identify all the places where it fails to match the constraints for well-formedness.

<PROCEDURE><TITLEHow to Bathe a

Cat</TITLE><OVERVIEW>

This procedure tells you how to bathe a cat. <WARNING></OVERVIEW>Cats don't like to take baths. You could get hurt doing this. Be sure to obtain all the required protective gear before you start. </WARNING><EQUIPEMENT><ITEM>Hockey Mask <ITEM>Padded Full-body Kevlar Armor</ITEM><ITEM>Tub full of warm water</ITEM>CITEM>Towels </ITEM>CITEM>First Aid kit</ITEM><ITEM>Cat Shampoo</ITEM><EQUIPMENT><INSTRUCTIONS><STEP> Locate the cat, who by now is hiding under the bed.</STEP><STEP>Place the cat in the tub of water.</STEP><ITEM>Using the First Aid kit, repair the damage to your head and arms.</STEP><STEP>Place the cat back in the tub and hold it down.</STEP><STEP>Wash it really fast, then make an effort to dry it with the towels.</STEP><STEP>Decide not to do this again. </STEP></INSTRUCTIONS>

Note: Cover more exercises based on XML Programming theory concepts.

3 Programming in Python: Theory

Planning the Computer Program: Concept of problem solving, Problem definition, Program design, Debugging, Types of errors in programming, Documentation. (2L) **Techniques of Problem Solving:** Flow charting, decision table, algorithms, Structured



B.Sc. COMPUTER SC (Hons)

CBCS w.e.f. 2017-18

programming concepts, Programming methodologies viz. top-down and bottom-up programming.

(2L)

Overview of Programming

(3L)

Structure of a Python Program, Elements of Python

Introduction to Python: Python Interpreter, Using Python as calculator, Python shell, Indentation. Atoms, Identifiers and keywords, Literals, Strings, Operators(Arithmetic operator, Relational operator, Logical or Boolean operator, Assignment, Operator, Ternary operator, Bit wise operator, Increment/ Decrement Operator (4L)

Creating Python Programs : Input and Output Statements, Control statements(Branching, Looping, Conditional Statement, Exit function, Difference between break, continue and pass.), Defining Functions, default arguments.

(4L)

Reference Books

- 1. T. Budd, Exploring Python, TMH, 1st Ed, 2011
- 2. Python Tutorial/Documentation www.python.or2015
- 3. Allen Downey, Jeffrey Elkner, Chris Meyers, How to think like a computer scientist: learning with Python, Freely available online.2012
- 4. http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html
- 5. http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds
- 6. http://www.ibiblio.org/g2swap/byteofpython/read/

Software Lab Based on Python:

Section: A (Simple programs)

1. Write a menu driven program to convert the given temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius

and vice versa depending upon users choice.

2. WAP to calculate total marks, percentage and grade of a student. Marks obtained in each of the three subjects are to be input by the user. Assign grades according to the following criteria

Grade A: Percentage >=80

Grade B: Percentage>=70 and

< 80

Grade C: Percentage>=60

and <70 Grade D:

Percentage>=40 and <60

Grade

E: Percentage<40

- 3. Write a menu-driven program, using user-defined functions to find the area of rectangle, square, circle and triangle by accepting suitable input parameters from user.
- 4. WAP to display the first n terms of Fibonacci series.
- 5. WAP to find factorial of the given number.
- 6. WAP to find sum of the following series for n terms: 1 2/2! + 3/3! - - n/n!
- 7. WAP to calculate the sum and product of two compatible matrices.

Section: B (Visual Python):

All the programs should be written using user defined functions, wherever possible.

- 1. Write a menu-driven program to create mathematical 3D objects
 - I. curve
 - II. sphere
 - III. cone
- IV. arrow
- V. ring
- VI. cylinder.
- 2. WAP to read n integers and display them as a histogram.
- 3. WAP to display sine, cosine, polynomial and exponential curves.
- 4. WAP to plot a graph of people with pulse rate p vs. height h. The values of p and h are to be entered by the user.
- 5. WAP to calculate the mass m in a chemical reaction. The mass m (in gms) disintegrates according to the formula m=60/(t+2), where t is the time in hours. Sketch a graph for t vs. m, where t>=0.
- 6. A population of 1000 bacteria is introduced into a nutrient medium. The population p grows as follows:

$$P(t) = (15000(1+t))/(15+e)$$

where the time t is measured in hours. WAP to determine the size of the population at given time t and plot a graph for P vs t for the specified time interval.

- 7. Input initial velocity and acceleration, and plot the following graphs depicting equations of motion:
 - I. velocity wrt time (v=u+at)
 - II. distance wrt time (s=u*t+0.5*a*t*t)
 - III. distance wrt velocity (s=(v*v-u*u)/2*a)
- 8. WAP to show a ball bouncing between 2 walls. (Optional)



4. UNIX/ LINUX Programming: Theory

(4L)Introduction

- What is linux/unix Operating systems
- Difference between linux/unix and other operating systems
- Features and Architecture
- Various Distributions available in the market

Installation, Booting and shutdown process

System Processes (an Overview) Internal and External Commands Creation of Partitions in O/S

Processes and its creation Phases- Fork, Exec. wait

User Management and File Systems

(5L)

Types of Users, Creating users, Granting rights

User management commands

File quota and various file systems available

File System Management and Layout, File permissions

Login process, Managing Disk Quotas

Links (hard links, symbolic links)

introduction and Shell Scripting

(6L)

What is shell and various type of shell, Various editors present in linux

Different modes of operation in vi editor

What is shell script, Writing and executing the shell script

Shell variable (user defined and system variables)

System calls, Using system calls

Pipes and Filters

Decision making in Shell Scripts (If else, switch), Loops in shell

Functions

Utility programs (cut, paste, join, tr, uniq utilities)

Pattern matching utility (grep)

Reference Books:

- 1. Sumitabha, Das, Unix Concepts And Applications, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2006
- 2.Michael Jang RHCSA/ RHCE Red Hat Linux Certification: Exams (Ex200 & Ex300) (Certification Press), 2011
- 3. Nemeth Synder & Hein, Linux Administration Handbook, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition ,2010
- 4. W. Richard Stevens, Bill Fenner, Andrew M. Rudoff, Unix Network Programming,

The sockets Networking API, Vol. 1, 3rd Edition, 2014

Software Lab Based on UNIX/Linux:

- 1. Write a shell script to check if the number entered at the command line is prime or not.
- 2. Write a shell script to modify cal command to display calendars of the specified months.
- 3. Write a shell script to modify calcommand to display calendars of the specified range of months.
- 4. Write a shell script to accept a login name. If not a valid login name display message Entered login name is invalid.
- 5. Write a shell script to display date in the mm/dd/yy format.
- 6. Write a shell script to display on the screen sorted output of who command along with the total number of users .
- 7. Write a shell script to display the multiplication table any number,
- 8. Write a shell script to compare two files and if found equal asks the user to delete the duplicate file.
- 9. Write a shell script to find the sum of digits of a given number.
- 10. Write a shell script to merge the contents of three files, sort the contents and then display them page by page.
- 11. Write a shell script to find the LCD(least common divisor) of two numbers.
- 12. Write a shell script to perform the tasks of basic calculator.
- 13. Write a shell script to find the power of a given number.
- 14. Write a shell script to find the binomial coefficient C(n, x).
- 15. Write a shell script to find the permutation P(n,x).
- 16. Write a shell script to find the greatest number among the three numbers.
- 17. Write a shell script to find the factorial of a given number.
- 18. Write a shell script to check whether the number is Armstrong or not.
- 19. Write a shell script to check whether the file have all the permissions or not.



General Elective Papers (GE) (Minor – Computer Science)

(any four: GE1 - GE 4)

for other Departments/Disciplines: (Credit: 06 each)

1 Computer Fundamentals

Theory: 60 lectures

Introduction: Computer Systems, uses and Types	6L
Data Representation: Number System, character representation, binary arithmetic	12L 6L
Human Computer Interface: Types of software, Operating system as user interface, utility programs	UL
	101
Devices: Input and output devices (with connections and practical demo), keyboard, mouse, joystick, scanner, OCR, OMR, bar code reader, web camera, monitor, printer, plotter	
	6L
Memory: Primary, secondary, auxiliary memory, RAM, ROM, cache memory, hard disks, optical disks	
· 1	12L
Computer Organisation and Architecture: C.P.U., registers, system bus, main memory unit, cache memory, Inside a computer, SMPS, Motherboard, Ports and Interfaces, expansion cards, ribbon cables, memory chips, processors.	
	8 L
Overview of Emerging Technologies: Bluetooth, cloud computing, big data, data mining, mobile computing and embedded systems.	

Reference Books:

- 1. A. Goel, Computer Fundamentals, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 2. P. Aksoy, L. DeNardis, Introduction to Information Technology, Cengage Learning, 2006
- 3. P. K.Sinha, P. Sinha, Fundamentals of Computers, BPB Publishers, 2007



Computer Fundamentals Lab Practical: 60 lectures

Practical exercises based on MS Office/ Open Office tools using document preparation and spreadsheet handling packages.

MS Word

- 1. Prepare **a grocery list** having four columns (Serial number, The name of the product, quantity and price) for the month of April, 06.
 - Font specifications for Title (Grocery List): 14-point Arial font in bold and italics.
 - The headings of the columns should be in 12-point and bold.
 - The rest of the document should be in 10-point Times New Roman.
 - Leave a gap of 12-points after the title.
- 2. Create a **telephone directory**.
 - The heading should be 16-point Arial Font in bold
 - The rest of the document should use 10-point font size
 - Other headings should use 10-point Courier New Font.
 - The footer should show the page number as well as the date last updated.
- 3. Design a **time-table form** for your college.
 - The first line should mention the name of the college in 16-point Arial Font and should be bold.
 - The second line should give the course name/teacher's name and the department in 14-point Arial.
 - Leave a gap of 12-points.
 - The rest of the document should use 10-point Times New Roman font.
 - The footer should contain your specifications as the designer and date of creation.
- 4. BPB Publications plans to release a new book designed as per your syllabus. Design the **first page of the book** as per the given specifications.
 - The title of the book should appear in bold using 20-point Arial font.
 - The name of the author and his qualifications should be in the center of the page in 16-point Arial font.
 - At the bottom of the document should be the name of the publisher and address in 16-point Times New Roman.
 - The details of the offices of the publisher (only location) should appear in the footer.
 - 5. Create the following one page documents.
 - a. Compose a note inviting friends to a get-together at your house, Including a list of things to bring with them.
 - b. Design a certificate in landscape orientation with a border around the document.
 - c. Design a Garage Sale sign.
 - d. Make a sign outlining your rules for your bedroom at home, using a numbered list.

- 6. Create the following documents:
 - (a) A newsletter with a headline and 2 columns in portrait orientation, including at least one image surrounded by text.
 - (b) Use a newsletter format to promote upcoming projects or events in your classroom or college.
- 7. Convert following text to a table, using comma as delimiter

Type the following as shown (do not bold).

Color, Style, Item Blue, A980, Van Red, X023, Car Green, YL724, Truck Name, Age, Sex Bob, 23, M Linda, 46, F Tom, 29, M

9. Enter the following data into a table given on the next page.

Salesperson	Dolls	Trucks	Puzzles
Kennedy, Sally	1327	1423	1193
White, Pete	1421	3863	2934
Pillar, James	5214	3247	5467
York, George	2190	1278	1928
Banks, Jennifer	1201	2528	1203
Atwater, Kelly	4098	3079	2067

Pillar, James	5214	3247	5467
York, George	2190	1278	1928
Banks, Jennifer	1201	2528	1203
Atwater, Kelly	4098	3079	2067

Add a column Region (values: S, N, N,S,S,S) between the Salesperson and Dolls columns to the given table Sort your table data by Region and within Region by Salesperson in ascending order:

In this exercise, you will add a new row to your table, place the word "Total" at the bottom of the

Salesperson column, and sum the Dolls, Trucks, and Puzzles columns.

Wrapping of text around the image.

Following features of menu option must be covered

FILE	Complete menu
EDIT	Complete menu
VIEW	Complete menu
INSERT	Complete menu
FORMAT	Complete menu
TABLE	Complete menu
WINDOW	Complete menu
HELP	Complete menu

TOOLS All options except Online collaboration, Tools on Macro, Templates

MS Excel

1. Enter the Following data in Excel Sheet

REGIONAL SALES PROJECTION

State	Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	QTR4	Qtr Total	Rate Amount
Delhi	2020	2400	2100	3000	15	
Punjab	1100	1300	1500	1400	20	
U.P.	3000	3200	2600	2800	17	
Haryana	1800	2000	2200	2700	15	
Rajasthan	2100	2000	1800	2200	20	

TOTAL AVERAGE

(a) Apply Formatting as follow: I.Title in

TIMES NEW ROMAN

- ii. Font Size 14
- iii. Remaining text ARIAL, Font Size -10
- iv. State names and Qtr. Heading Bold, Italic with Gray Fill Color.
- v. Numbers in two decimal places.
- vi. Qtr. Heading in center Alignment.
- vii. Apply Border to whole data.
- (b) Calculate State and Qtr. Total
- (c) Calculate Average for each quarter
- (d) Calculate Amount = Rate * Total.



2. Given the following worksheet

	\mathbf{A}	В	C	D
1	Roll No.	Name	Marks	Grade
2	1001	Sachin	99	
3	1002	Sehwag	65	
4	1003	Rahul	41	
5	1004	Sourav	89	
6	1005	Har Bhajan	56	

Calculate the grade of these students on the basis of following guidelines:

If Marks	Then Grade
>= 80	A+
>= 60 < 80	A
>= 50 < 60	В
< 50	F

3. Given the following worksheet

	\mathbf{A}	В	C	D	\mathbf{E} \mathbf{F}	G
1	Salesman		9	Sales in (I	Rs.)	
2	No.	Qtr1	Qtr2	Qtr3	Qtr4 Total	Commission
3	S001	5000	8500	12000	9000	
4	S002	7000	4000	7500	11000	
5	S003	4000	9000	6500	8200	
6	S004	5500	6900	4500	10500	
7	S005	7400	8500	9200	8300	
8	S006	5300	7600	9800	6100	

Calculate the commission earned by the salesmen on the basis of following Candidates:

If Total Sales	Commission
< 20000	0% of sales
> 20000 and < 25000	4% of sales
> 25000 and < 30000	5.5% of sales
> 30000 and < 35000	8% of sales
>= 35000	11% of sales

The total sales is sum of sales of all the four quarters.



4. A company XYZ Ltd. pays a monthly salary to its employees which consists of basic salary, allowances & deductions. The details of allowances and deductions are as follows:

Allowances

• HRA Dependent on Basic

30% of Basic if Basic <=1000

25% of Basic if Basic>1000 & Basic<=3000

20% of Basic if Basic >3000

- DA Fixed for all employees, 30% of Basic
- Conveyance Allowance Rs. 50/- if Basic is <=1000 Rs.

Rs. 100 if Basic >2000

• Entertainment Allowance NIL if Basic

is
$$<=1000$$
 Rs. 100/- if Basic > 1000

Deductions

Provident Fund

6% of Basic

• Group Insurance Premium Rs. 40/- if Basic is <=1500

Calculate the following:

Gross Salary = Basic + HRA + DA + Conveyance + Entertainment

Total deduction = Provident Fund + Group Insurance Premium

Net Salary = Gross Salary – Total Deduction

5. Create Payment Table for a fixed Principal amount, variable rate of interests and time in the format below:

No. of Instalments	5%	6%	7%	8%	9%
3	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
4	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
5	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX
6	XX	XX	XX	XX	XX

6. Use an array formula to calculate Simple Interest for given principal amounts given the rate of Interest and time

Rate of Interest 8%
Time 5 Years

Principal Simple Interest

1000 ? 18000 ? 5200 ? 7. The following table gives year wise sale figure of five salesmen in Rs.

Salesman	2000	2001	2002	2003
S 1	10000	12000	20000	50000
S2	15000	18000	50000	60000
S 3	20000	22000	70000	70000
S4	30000	30000	100000	80000
S5	40000	45000	125000	90000

- (a) Calculate total sale year wise.
- (b) Calculate the net sale made by each salesman
- (c) Calculate the maximum sale made by the salesman
- (d) Calculate the commission for each salesman under the condition.
 - (i) If total sales >4,00,000 give 5% commission on total sale made by the salesman.
 - (ii) Otherwise give 2% commission.
- (e) Draw a bar graph representing the sale made by each salesman. (f)

Draw a pie graph representing the sale made by salesman in 2000.

8. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

PERSONAL BUDGET FOR FIRST QUARTER

Monthly Income (Net): 1,475

EXPENSES	JAN	FEB	MARCH QUARTER QUARTER TOTAL AVERAGE
Rent600.00	600.00	600.00	
Telephone	48.25	43.50	60.00
Utilities	67.27	110.00	70.00
Credit Card	200.00	110.00	70.00
Oil	100.00	150.00	90.00
AV to Insurance	150.00		
Cable TV	40.75	40.75	40.75

Monthly Total

Calculate Quarter total and Quarter average.

- (a) Calculate Monthly total.
- (b) Surplus = Monthly income Monthly total.
- (c) What would be total surplus if monthly income is 1500.
- (d) How much does telephone expense for March differ from quarter average.
- (e) Create a 3D column graph for telephone and utilities.
- (f) Create a pie chart for monthly expenses.

9. Enter the following data in Excel Sheet

TOTAL REVENUE EARNED FOR SAM'S BOOKSTALL

Publisher n	name 1997	7	1998	1999	2000	total
A	Rs. 1,000.00	Rs. 1100.	00 Rs.	1,300.00 Rs.	800.00	
В	Rs. 1,500.00) Rs. 70	00.00 Rs.	1,000.00 Rs.	2,000.00	
C	Rs. 700.	00 Rs. 90	00.00 Rs.	1,500.00 Rs.	600.00	
D	Rs. 1,200.00) Rs. 50	00.00 Rs.	200.00 Rs.	1,100.00	
E Rs	800.00 Rs.	00.000,1	Rs. 3,000	0.00 Rs. 560	.00	

- (a) Compute the total revenue earned.
- (b) Plot the line chart to compare the revenue of all publisher for 4 years.
- (b) Chart Title should be Total Revenue of sam's Bookstall (1997-2000)'
- (c) Give appropriate categories and value axis title.
- 10. Generate 25 random numbers between 0 & 100 and find their sum, average and count. How many no. are in range 50-60



2 Introduction to Programming: Theory

- **1. Computer Fundamentals:** Introduction to Computers: Characteristics of Computers, Uses of Computers, Types and Generations of Computers (3L)
- 2. Basic Computer Organization Units of a computer, CPU, ALU, memory hierarchy, registers, I/O Devices (4L)
- **3. Planning the Computer Program:** Concept of problem solving, Problem definition, Program Design, debugging, types of programming errors, documentation (3L)
- **4. Techniques of Problem Solving:** Flowcharting, decision table, algorithms, Structured programming concepts, Programming methodologies viz. top-down and bottom-up programming. (4L)

History of C, Overview of Procedural Programming and Object-Orientation Programming, Using main() function, Compiling and Executing Simple Programs in C.

6. Data Types, Variables, Constants, Operators and Basic I/O (5L)

Declaring, Defining and Initializing Variables, Scope of Variables, Using Named Constants, Keywords, Data Types, Casting of Data Types, Operators (Arithmetic, Logical and Bitwise), Using Comments in programs, Character I/O (getc, getchar, putc, putcharetc), Formatted and Console I/O (printf(), scanf()), Using Basic Header Files (stdio.h, conio.hetc).

7. Expressions, Conditional Statements and Iterative Statements (6L)

Simple Expressions in C (including Unary Operator Expressions, Binary Operator Expressions), Understanding Operators Precedence in Expressions, Conditional Statements (if construct, switch-case construct), Understanding syntax and utility of Iterative Statements (while, do-while, and for loops), Use of break and continue in Loops, Using Nested Statements (Conditional as well as Iterative)

8. Functions and Arrays (11L)

Utility of functions, Call by Value, Call by Reference, Functions returning value, Void functions, Inline Functions, Return data type of functions, Functions parameters, Differentiating between Declaration and Definition of Functions, Command Line Arguments/Parameters in Functions, Functions with variable number of Arguments.

Creating and Using One Dimensional Arrays (Declaring and Defining an Array, Initializing an Array, Accessing individual elements in an Array, Manipulating array elements using loops), Use Various types of arrays (integer, float and character arrays / Strings) Two-dimensional Arrays (Declaring, Defining and Initializing Two Dimensional Array, Working with Rows and Columns), Introduction to Multi-dimensional arrays

9. Derived Data Types (Structures and Unions) (4L)

Understanding utility of structures and unions, Declaring, initializing and using simple structures and unions, Manipulating individual members of structures and unions, Array of Structures, Individual data members as structures, Passing and returning structures from functions, Structure with union as members, Union with structures as members



10. Pointers in C (8L)

Understanding a Pointer Variable, Simple use of Pointers (Declaring and Dereferencing Pointers to simple variables), Pointers to Pointers, Pointers to structures, Problems with Pointers, Passing pointers as function arguments, Returning a pointer from a function, using arrays as pointers, Passing arrays to functions. Pointers vs. References, Declaring and initializing references, Using references as function arguments and function return values

11. Memory Allocation in C

(4L)

Differentiating between static and dynamic memory allocation, use of malloc, calloc and free functions, storage of variables in static and dynamic memory allocation

12. File I/O, Pre-processor Directives

(5L)

Opening and closing a file, Reading and writing Text Files, Using put(), get(), read() and write() functions, Random access in files, Understanding the Preprocessor Directives, Macros

Reference Books:

- 1. P. K. Sinha & Priti Sinha, "Computer Fundamentals", BPB Publications, 2007.
- 2. Dr. Anita Goel, Computer Fundamentals, Pearson Education, 2010.
- 3. T. Budd, Exploring Python, TMH, 1st Ed, 2011
- 4. Python Tutorial/Documentation www.python.or2010
- 5. Allen Downey, Jeffrey Elkner, Chris Meyers, How to think like a computer scientist: learning with Python, Freely available online.2012
- 6. http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html
- 7. http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds
- **8.** http://www.ibiblio.org/g2swap/byteofpython/read/



COMPUTER SCIENCE LAB: Introduction to Programming

Lab Practical:

- 1. WAP to print the sum and product of digits of an integer.
- 7. WAP to reverse a number.
- 8. WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1+1/2+1/3+1/4+...
- 9. WAP to compute the sum of the first n terms of the following series S = 1-2+3-4+5...
- 10. Write a function that checks whether a given string is Palindrome or not. Use this function to find whether the string entered by user is Palindrome or not.
- 11. Write a function to find whether a given no. is prime or not. Use the same to generate the prime numbers less than 100.
- 7.WAP to compute the factors of a given number.
- 8. Write a macro that swaps two numbers. WAP to use it.
- 9. WAP to print a triangle of stars as follows (take number of lines from user):

*

- 11. WAP to perform following actions on an array entered by the user:
 - i) Print the even-valued elements
 - ii) Print the odd-valued elements
 - iii) Calculate and print the sum and average of the elements of array
 - iv) Print the maximum and minimum element of array
 - v) Remove the duplicates from the array
 - vi) Print the array in reverse order

The program should present a menu to the user and ask for one of the options. The menu should also include options to re-enter array and to quit the program.

- 16. WAP that prints a table indicating the number of occurrences of each alphabet in the text entered as command line arguments.
- 17. Write a program that swaps two numbers using pointers.
- 18. Write a program in which a function is passed address of two variables and then alter its contents.
- 19. Write a program which takes the radius of a circle as input from the user, passes it to another function that computes the area and the circumference of the circle and displays the value of area and circumference from the main() function.
- 20. Write a program to find sum of n elements entered by the user. To write this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc() / calloc() functions or new operator.

- 21. Write a menu driven program to perform following operations on strings:
- i) Show address of each character in string
- j) Concatenate two strings without using streat function.
- k) Concatenate two strings using streat function.
- 1) Compare two strings
- m) Calculate length of the string (use pointers)
- n)Convert all lowercase characters to uppercase
- o) Convert all uppercase characters to lowercase
- p) Calculate number of vowels
- 22. Given two ordered arrays of integers, write a program to merge the two-arrays to get an ordered array.
- 23. WAP to display Fibonacci series (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 24. WAP to calculate Factorial of a number (i)using recursion, (ii) using iteration
- 25. WAP to calculate GCD of two numbers (i) with recursion (ii) without recursion.
- 26. Create Matrix class using templates. Write a menu-driven program to perform following Matrix
 - operations (2-D array implementation):
 - a) Sum b) Difference c) Product d) Transpose

3 Computer Networks and Internet Technologies Theory: 60 Lectures

Computer Networks: Introduction to computer networks, data communication and components of data communication, data transmission mode, data communication measurement, LAN, MAN, WAN, wireless LAN, internet, intranet, extranet Network Models: Client/ server network and Peer-to-peer network, OSI, TCP/IP, layers and functionalities.	6L 8L
Transmission Media: Introduction, Guided Media: Twisted pair, Coaxial cable, Optical fiber. Unguided media: Microwave, Radio frequency propagation, Satellite.	4L
LAN Topologies: Ring, bus, star, mesh and tree topologies.	2L
Network Devices: NIC, repeaters, hub, bridge, switch, gateway and router.	2L
Internet Terms: Web page, Home page, website, internet browsers, URL, Hypertext, ISP, Web server, download and upload, online and offline.	2L
Internet Applications: www, telnet, ftp, e-mail, social networks, search engines, Video Conferencing, e-Commerce, m-Commerce, VOIP, blogs.	6L
Introduction to Web Design: Introduction to hypertext markup language (html) Document type definition, creating web pages, lists, hyperlinks, tables, web forms, inserting images, frames, hosting options and domain name registration. Customized Features: Cascading style sheet (css) for text formatting and other manipulations.	16L

JavaScript Fundamentals: Data types and variables, functions, methods and events, controlling program flow, JavaScript object model, built-in objects and operators.

Reference Books:

- 1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J. Wetherall Computer Networks (5th Edition), PHI, 2010
- 2. B. A. Forouzan, Data Communication and Networking, TMH,2003.
- 3. D.R. Brooks, An Introduction to HTML and Javascript for Scientists and Engineers, Springer W. Willard, 2009
- 4. HTML A Beginner's Guide, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2009.
- 5. J. A. Ramalho, Learn Advanced HTML 4.0 with DHTML, BPB Publications, 2007



Computer Networks and Internet Technologies Lab Practical: 60 lectures

3. Create HTML document with Table:

Practical exercises based on concepts listed in theory using HTML.

- 1. Create HTML document with following formatting Bold, Italics, Underline, Colors, Headings, Title, Font and Font Width, Background, Paragraph, Line Brakes, Horizontal Line, Blinking text as well as marquee text.
- 2. Create HTML document with Ordered and Unordered lists, Inserting Images, Internal and External linking

4. Create Form with Input Type, Select and Text Area in HTML.

5. Create an HTML containing Roll No., student's name and Grades in a tabular form.

6. Create an HTML document (having two frames) which will appear as follows:

About	
Department 1	This frame would show the contents According to the link clicked on the left frame
Department 2	leit frame
Department 3	

7. Create an HTML document containing horizontal frames as follows:

Department Names (could be along with Logos)

Contents according to the Link clicked

- 8. Create a website of 6-7 pages with different effects as mentioned in above problems.
- 9. Create HTML documents (having multiple frames) in the following three formats:

Frame1		
Frame2	Frame3	

- 10. Create a form using HTML which has the following types of controls:
 - V. Text Box
 - VI. Option/radio buttons
 - VII. Check boxes
 - VIII. Reset and Submit buttons

Subscribe to XYZ	News Magazine and Emails
하기 때문 아이들 아이들 아이들 때문 아이들에 가지 않아 가는 바다가 있다. [17]	all updates of all latest News? Well, now you can. And best of all, it is free! Just fill out this form nd it In' button. We will put you on our mailing list and you will receive your first email in 3-5
The Charles C. B.	
First Name	help us send the emails and our news letter:
7 TANK TANK TANK	
Last Name:	
Business:	
We must have a correct e-mail	address to send you the news letter
Email:	
How did you hear about XYZ	News Magazine and Emails?
⊕ Here on the Web ○ In a m	agazine O Television O Other
Would you like to be on our re-	gular mailing list?

List of Practical's using Javascript:

Create event driven program for following:

- 1. Print a table of numbers from 5 to 15 and their squares and cubes using alert. 8. Print the largest of three numbers.
- 2. Find the factorial of a number n.
- 3. Enter a list of positive numbers terminated by Zero. Find the sum and average of these numbers.
- 4. A person deposits Rs 1000 in a fixed account yielding 5% interest. Compute the amount in the account at the end of each year for n years.
- 5. Read n numbers. Count the number of negative numbers, positive numbers and zeros in the list.



4 Introduction to Database System Theory: 60 lectures

Database: Introduction to database, relational data model, DBMS architecture, data independence, DBA, database users, end users, front end tools 14 L E-R Modeling: Entity types, entity set, attribute and key, relationships, relation types, E-R diagrams, database design using ER diagrams 14 L Relational Data Model: Relational model concepts, relational constraints, primaryand foreign key, normalization: 1NF, 2NF, 3NF 14 L Structured Query Language: SQL queries, create a database table, createrelationships between database tables, modify and manage tables, queries, forms, reports, modify, filter and view data.

Reference Books:

- 1. P. Rob, C. Coronel, Database System Concepts by, Cengage Learning India, 2008
- 2. R. Elmsasri, S. Navathe Fundamentals of Database Systems, Pearson Education, Fifth Edition, 2007
- 3. MySQL: Reference Manual



Introduction to Database Systems Lab Practical: 60 lectures

1) Create a database having two tables with the specified fields, to computerize a library system of a Delhi University College.

LibraryBooks (Accession number, Title, Author, Department, PurchaseDate, Price) IssuedBooks (Accession number, Borrower)

- a) Identify primary and foreign keys. Create the tables and insert at least 5 records in each table.
- b) Delete the record of book titled Database System Concepts .
- c) Change the Department of the book titled Discrete Maths to CS
- d) List all books that belong to CS department.
- e) List all books that belong to CS department and are written by author Navathe .
- f) List all computer (Department= CS) that have been issued.
- g) List all books which have a price less than 500 or purchased between 01/01/1999 and 01/01/2004.

Create a database having in your college.

Personal information about Student (College roll number, Name of student, Date of birth, Address, Marks(rounded off to whole number) in percentage at 10 + 2, Phone number) Paper Details (Paper code, Name of the Paper)

Student's Academic and Attendance details (College roll number, Paper code, Attendance, Marks in home examination).

- a) Identify primary and foreign keys. Create the tables and insert at least 5 records in each table.
- b) Design a query that will return the records (from the second table) along with the name of student from the first table, related to students who have more than 75% attendance and more than 60% marks in paper 2.
- c) List all students who live in Delhi and have marks greater than 60 in paper 1.
- d) Find the total attendance and total marks obtained by each student.
- e) List the name of student who has got the highest marks in paper 2.
- 3) Create the following tables and answer the queries given below:

Customer (CustID, email, Name, Phone, ReferrerID)

Bicycle (BicycleID, DatePurchased, Color, CustID,

ModelNo) BicycleModel (ModelNo, Manufacturer, Style)

Service (StartDate, BicycleID, EndDate)

- a) Identify primary and foreign keys. Create the tables and insert at least 5 records in each table.
- b) List all the customers who have the bicycles manufactured by manufacturer Honda.
- c) List the bicycles purchased by the customers who have been referred by customer C1.
- d) List the manufacturer of red colored bicycles.
- e) List the models of the bicycles given for service.
- 4) Create the following tables, enter at least 5 records in each table and answer the queries given below.

EMPLOYEE (Person_Name, Street, City)
WORKS (Person_Name, Company_Name, Salary)
COMPANY (Company_Name, City)
MANAGES (Person_Name, Manager_Name)

- a) Identify primary and foreign keys.
- b) Alter table employee, add a column email of type varchar(20).
- c) Find the name of all managers who work for both Samba Bank and NCB Bank.
- d) Find the names, street address and cities of residence and salary of all employees who work for Samba Bank and earn more than \$10,000.
- e) Find the names of all employees who live in the same city as the company for which they work.
- f) Find the highest salary, lowest salary and average salary paid by each company.
- g) Find the sum of salary and number of employees in each company.
- h) Find the name of the company that pays highest salary.
- 5) Create the following tables, enter at least 5 records in each table and answer the queries given below.

Suppliers (SNo, Sname, Status, SCity) Parts (PNo, Pname, Colour, Weight, City) Project (JNo, Jname, Jcity) Shipment (Sno, Pno, Jno, Qunatity)

- a) Identify primary and foreign keys.
- b) Get supplier numbers for suppliers in Paris with status>20.
- c) Get suppliers details for suppliers who supply part P2. Display the supplier list in increasing order of supplier numbers.
- d) Get suppliers names for suppliers who do not supply part P2.
- e) For each shipment get full shipment details, including total shipment weights.
- f) Get all the shipments where the quantity is in the range 300 to 750 inclusive.
- g) Get part nos. for parts that either weigh more than 16 pounds or are supplied by suppliers S2, or both.
- h) Get the names of cities that store more than five red parts.
- i) Get full details of parts supplied by a supplier in London.
- j) Get part numbers for part supplied by a supplier in London to a project in London.
- k) Get the total number of project supplied by a supplier (say, S1).
- 1) Get the total quantity of a part (say, P1) supplied by a supplier (say, S1).



5 Programming in Python Theory: 60 lectures

Computer Fundamentals: Introduction to Computers: Characteristics of Computers, Uses of computers, Types and generations of Computers. (4L)

Basic Computer Organization - Units of a computer, CPU, ALU, memory hierarchy, registers, I/O devices. (6L)

Planning the Computer Program: Concept of problem solving, Problem definition, Program design, Debugging, Types of errors in programming, Documentation. (4L)

Techniques of Problem Solving: Flowchart, decision table, algorithms, Structured programming concepts, Programming methodologies viz. top-down and bottom-up programming.

(4L)

Overview of Programming: Structure of a Python program, Elements of Python (6L) **Introduction to Python:** Python Interpreter, Using Python as calculator, Python shell, Indentation. Atoms, Identifiers and keywords, Literals, Strings, Operators (Arithmetic operator, Relational operator, Logical or Boolean operator, Assignment, Operator, Ternary operator, Bit wise operator, Increment or Decrement operator). (8L)

Creating Python Programs: Input and Output Statements, Control statements (Looping-while Loop, for Loop, Loop Control, Conditional Statement-if...else, Difference between break, continue and pass). (14L)

Structures: Numbers, Strings, Lists, Tuples, Dictionary, Date & Time, Modules, Defining Functions, Exit function, default arguments. (14L)

References:

- 3. T. Budd, Exploring Python, TMH, 1st Ed, 2011
 4. How to think like a computer scientist: learning with Python / Allen Downey, Jeffrey Elkner, Chris Meyers. 1st Edition – Freely available online.2012
- 1. http://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/index.html
- 2. http://interactivepython.org/courselib/static/pythonds



Programming in Python Lab Practical: 60 lectures

- 1. Using for loop, print a table of Celsius/Fahrenheit equivalences. Let c be the Celsius temperatures ranging from 0 to 100, for each value of c, print the corresponding Fahrenheit temperature.
- 2. Using while loop, produce a table of sins, cosines and tangents. Make a variable x in range from 0 to 10 in steps of 0.2. For each value of x, print the value of sin(x), cos(x) and tan(x).
- 3. Write a program that reads an integer value and prints leap year or not a leap year.
- 4. Write a program that takes a positive integer n and then produces n lines of output shown as follows.

```
For example enter a size: 5

*

**

**

***

****
```

5. Write a function that takes an integer n' as input and calculates the value of

$$1 + 1/1! + 1/2! + 1/3! + \dots + 1/n$$

- 6. Write a function that takes an integer input and calculates the factorial of that number.
- 7. Write a function that takes a string input and checks if it's a palindrome or not.
- 8. Write a list function to convert a string into a list, as in list (abc') gives [a, b, c].
- 9. Write a program to generate Fibonacci series.
- 10. Write a program to check whether the input number is even or odd.
- 11. Write a program to compare three numbers and print the largest one.
- 12. Write a program to print factors of a given number.
- 13. Write a method to calculate GCD of two numbers.



6 Programming in VB Theory: 60 lectures

4L **GUI Environment:** Introduction to graphical user interface (GUI), programming language (procedural, object oriented, event driven), the GUI environment, compiling, debugging, and running the programs. **Controls:** Introduction to controls text boxes, frames, check boxes, option buttons, 8Limages, setting borders and styles, the shape control, the line control, working with multiple controls and their properties, designing the user interface, keyboard access, tab controls, default & cancel property, coding for controls. **Operations:** Data types, constants, named & intrinsic, declaring variables, scope of 4L variables, val function, arithmetic operations, formatting data. **Decision Making:** If statement, comparing strings, compound conditions (and, or, 8L not), nested if statements, case structure, using if statements with option buttons & check boxes, displaying message in message box, testing whether input is valid or not. **Modular programming:** Menus, sub-procedures and sub-functions defining / 6L creating and modifying a menu, using common dialog box, creating a new subprocedure, passing variables to procedures, passing argument by value or by reference, writing a function/ procedure. Forms Handling: Multiple forms creating, adding, removing forms in project, hide, **6**L show method, load, unload statement, me keyword, referring to objects on a different forms Iteration Handling: Do/loops, for/next loops, using msgbox function, using string 4Lfunction Arrays and Grouped Data Control: Arrays - 1-dimension arrays, initializing an 10L array using for each, user-defined data types, accessing information with user-defined data types, using list boxes with array, two dimensional arrays. lists, loops and printing list boxes & combo boxes, filling the list using property window / add item method, clear method, list box properties, removing an item from a list, list box/ combo box operations.

Database Connectivity: Database connectivity of forms with back end tool like mysql, populating the data in text boxes, list boxes etc. searching of data in database using forms. Updating/ editing of data based on a criterion.

Reference Books:

1. Reference: Programming in Visual Basic 6.0 by Julia Case Bradley, Anita C. Millispangh (Tata Mcgraw Hill Edition 2000 (Fourteenth Reprint 2004))

Programming in VB Lab Practical: 60 lectures

- 1. Print a table of numbers from 5 to 15 and their squares and Cubes.
- 2. Print the largest of three numbers.
- 3. Find the factional of a number n.
- 4. Enter a list of positive numbers terminated by zero. Find the sum and average of these numbers.
- 5. A person deposits Rs. 1000 in a fixed account yielding 5% interest. Complete the amount in the account at the end of each year for n years.
- 6. Read n numbers. Count the number of negative numbers, positive numbers and zeros in the list.
- 7. Read n numbers. Count the number of negative numbers, positive numbers and zeroes in the list.use arrays.
- 8. Read a single dimension array. Find the sum and average of these numbers.
- 9. Read a two dimension array. Find the sum of two 2D Array.
- 10. Create a database Employee and Make a form in VB 6.0 to allow data entry to **Employee Form** with the following command buttons:

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	Employee Form	
Employee Name		
Employee ID		
Date of Joining:		
Designation:		
Department:		
Address:		
Basic Pay		
		PREV
		FIRST
I		LAST
Next		ADD
		DELETE
		SAVE
		CANCEL



7 Web and E-Commerce Technologies

Theory: 60 Lectures

UNIT 1- An introduction to Electronic commerce: What is E-Commerce (Introduction And Definition), Main activities E-Commerce, Goals of E-Commerce, Technical Components of E-Commerce, Functions of E-Commerce, Advantages and disadvantages of E-Commerce, Scope of E-Commerce, Electronic Commerce Applications, 9 Electronic Commerce and Electronic Business (C2C), (C2G,G2G, B2G, B2P, B2A, P2P, B2A, C2A, B2B, B2C) (10L)

UNIT 2- The Internet and WWW: Evolution of Internet, Domain Names and Internet

Organization (.edu, .com, .mil, .gov, .net etc.), Types of Network, Internet Service Provider, World Wide Web, Internet & Extranet, Role of Internet in B2B Application, building own website, Cost, Time, Reach, Registering a Domain Name, Web promotion, Target email, Baner, Exchange, Shopping Bots (10L)

UNIT 3- Internet Security: Secure Transaction, Computer Monitoring, Privacy on Internet, Corporate Email privacy, Computer Crime(Laws, Types of Crimes), Threats, Attack on Computer System, Software Packages for privacy, Hacking, Computer Virus(How it spreads, Virus problem, virus protection, Encryption and Decryption, Secret key Cryptography, DES, Public Key Encryption, RSA, Authorization and Authentication, Firewall, Digital Signature(How it Works)

(10L)

UNIT 4: Electronic Data Exchange: Introduction, Concepts of EDI and Limitation, Applications of EDI, Disadvantages of EDI, EDI model, Electronic Payment System: Introduction, Types of Electronic Payment System, Payment Types, Value Exchange System, Credit Card System, Electronic Fund Transfer, Paperless bill, Modern Payment Cash, Electronic Cash (10L)
UNIT 5: Planning for Electronic Commerce: Planning Electronic Commerce initiates, Linking objectives to business strategies, Measuring cost objectives, Comparing benefits to Costs, Strategies for developing electronic commerce web sites (10L)

UNIT 6: Internet Marketing: The PROS and CONS of online shopping, The cons of online shopping, Justify an Internet business, Internet marketing techniques, The E-cycle of Internet Marketing, Personalization e-commerce (10L)

Recommended Books:

- 1. G.S.V.Murthy, E-Commerce Concepts, Models, Strategies-:- Himalaya Publishing House, 2011.
 - 2. Kamlesh K Bajaj and Debjani Nag, E-Commerce, 2005.
- 3. Gray P. Schneider, Electronic commerce, International Student Edition, 2011,
- 4. HENRY CHAN, RAYMOND LEE, THARAM DILLON, ELIZABETH CHANG E-COMMERCE, FUNDAMENTALS AND APPLICATIONS, Wiely Student Edition, 2011



Web and E-Commerce Technologies

Lab Practical: 60 Lectures

HyperText Markup Language (HTML): structural setup; page layout; text manipulation; special characters; images; links. Intermediate: image maps; tables; frames, forms; meta tags; web forms. **Cascading Style Sheets (CSS)**: embedding/linking; HTML element selectors; classes; ID selectors, text manipulation; background; borders and spacing; layout; context selectors and grouping, pseudo-classes; pseudo-elements.

JavaScript: writing your first script; creating HTML tags; user input and output; loops and tables; payroll calculator, forms and text fields; validating an email address; radio buttons; check boxes; self-grading tests, image rollovers; slide shows; real-time clock; controllable clock; working with cookies. **Perl/CGI 10:** sample Perl operations; random numbers; lists; dealing four poker hands; time manipulation; subroutines, hash tables; files; string matching, CGI; registration lists; surveys **SQL and Regular Expressions:** Regular expression: basics, repeating, positioning, Beginner: Select; Where; Order by; Insert; update; delete; like; between; in; distinct; group by; aliases; aggregate functions; create table, alter table; drop table; nested select; SoundEx; join; deterministic and non-deterministic functions

ASP structural setup: response. write; retrieving from forms; retrieving from query string; variables; control constructs; subroutines and functions; session state; application variables; server variables; debugging, reading and writing cookies; server-side includes; response object methods; VBScript functions; error handling; debugging, browser details; CDONTS; files; output from a recordset; global.asa; setup instructions for using IIS and ASP. Flash 3 Create Flash movies of moving and interactive objects.



8 Multimedia and Applications Theory: 60 lectures

Multimedia: Introduction, components, uses, applications, virtual reality	6L
Text: Fonts & Faces, Using Text in Multimedia, Font Editing & Design Tools, Hypermedia & Hypertext.	4L
Images: Still Images – bitmaps, vector drawing, 3D drawing & rendering, natural light & colors, computerized colors, color palettes, image file formats.	6L
Sound: Digital Audio, MIDI Audio, MIDI vs Digital Audio, Audio File Formats.	6L
Video: How video works, analog video, digital video, video file formats, video shooting and editing.	8L
Animation: Principle of animations, animation techniques, animation file formats.	10L
Internet and Multimedia : www and HTML, multimedia on the web – web servers, web browsers, web page makers and site builders.	6L
Making Multimedia: Stages of a multimedia project, Requirements to make good multimedia, Multimedia Hardware - Macintosh and Windows production Platforms, Hardware peripherals-Connections, Memory and storage devices, Multimedia software Authorization tools	14L

References

- 1. Ralf Steinmetz and KlaraNaharstedt, Multimedia: Computing, Communications Applications, Pearson.2012
- Keyes, Multimedia Handbook , TMH,2000.
 K. Andleigh and K. Thakkar, Multimedia System Design , PHI.2013

Multimedia and Applications Lab Practical: 60 lectures

Practical exercises based on concepts listed in theory using Flash/ GIMP/ PhotoShop/ Animation Tools/ Image Editors/ Video Editors.

Optional

Implement the followings using Flash-

- 1. Create an animation using the tools panel and the properties panel to draw the following Line, pe, oval, circle, rectangle, square, pencil, brush, lasso tool
- 2. Create an animation using text tool to set the font, size, color etc.
- 3. Create an animation using **Free transform tool** that should use:

Move Objects

Skew Objects

Stretch

Objects

Rotate

Objects

Stretch Objects while maintaining proportion

Rotate Objects after relocating the center dot

4. Create an animation using layers having following

features-

Insert layer, Delete layer, guide layer, Mask layer.

5. Modify the document (changing background color etc.) using the following tools

Eraser tool

Hand tool

Zoom tool

Eyedropper tool

Ink bottle tool

Paint bucket tool

- 6. Create an animation for bus car race in which both starts from the same point and car wins the race.
- 7. Create an animation in which text Hello gets converted into GoodBye (using motion/shape tweening).
- 8. Create an animation having five images having fade-in fade-out effect.
- 9. Create an scene to show the sunrise (using multiple layers and motion tweening)
- 10. Create an animation to show the ripple effect.
- 11. Create an animation (using Shape tweening and shape hints) for transforming one shape into another.
- 12. Create an animation for bouncing ball (you may use motion guide layer).